The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,

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C. D. BRIGHAM.............Editor

R. D. THOMPSON.............Business Manager.

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Address THE COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

Gold Closed in New York Last Evening at 146 5-8.

CITY ITEMS.

Remember

McClarran's drug store 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth.

Gloves.

Fine Cloth, kid and calf lined: Alexandre's Kid Gloves, Chosson's French Buckskin, Fur wrist Gloves of all kinds at the Gentlemen's Emporium, 72 Fifth street, opposite the Postoffice.

Shirts.

Fine Cassimere Shirts at the Gentlemen's Emporium, 72 Fifth street, opposite the Postoffice.

The Cholera

Has at last made its appearance in New York city, and it does not require a prophet to tell that we shall have it in our own midst at an early day. Frost or cold weather is no antidote, but the most certain one that ever has been discovered—the same article that was used so extensively and saved so many lives when the cholera last visited us—is the cholera mixture prepared and sold only by Joseph Fleming, No. 84 Market street. From what we know of the sterling good qualities of this medicine, we say emphatically, no family should be without it. It costs but a trifle, and when you have it in the house you can bid defiance to the cholera. Remember there will be no end to the number of quack remedies offered, in view of its approach, but do you inquire for and purchase only that made by Joseph Fleming, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.

Mr. Edwin Regal

Resumes his connection with the Normal School, at Hopedale, at the opening of the winter term, December 5th, 1865. Address W. Brinkerhoff, Principal.

Blankets

Of all kinds, wholesale and retail. Great bargains at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

Balmoral Skirts.

We are making a speciality of these, at wholesale and retail. Have all kinds and are selling them cheap. Barker & Co., 59 Market street.

Gents.

Those elegant "Boulevards"—the latest style of Neck Tie extent, are now to be had at the Gentlemen's Emporium, 72 Fifth street, opposite the Postoffice. Murdock & Putnam.

Silks.

It is but just to Barker & Co., 59 Market street, to say that an examination will show that they have no competition in these, either as regards quality, variety or cheapness.

Country Merchants

who are awake to their interests, will not make any purchases before having visited the dry goods establishment of Barker & Co., 59 Market street.

Cotton Goods Low.

Bates & Bell, 21 Fifth street.

Muslins

At Eastern prices. 21 Fifth street.

Irish Linens

Very cheap. 21 Fifth street.

Furniture Checks, Low.

21 Fifth street.

Bates & Bell's

Dry Goods House, 21 Fifth street.

The Daily Commercial

We should have excepted the Richmond *Republic* from the list of papers of that city which still indulge in the expression of their disloyal sentiments.

There is a kind of religious teaching which is apt to betray souls. The first direction given to men of all characters is to set out with a firm persuasion of their reconciliation with God, and the enjoyment of everlasting happiness. This is surely an inverted order of things. For our [illegible]

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

THE NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.

TRIAL OF WINDER AND DUNCAN.

GEN. FULLERTON RELIEVED.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.

COURSE OF MR. M'PHERSON

Gold in the United States Treasury.

THE RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMS

MOVEMENTS OF GOV. ANDREW.

Secretary M'Culloch's Financial Report

REQUISITION FOR WALLEN, THE CONFIDENCE MAN.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, November 13.

The Election in North Carolina.

The latest copy of the Raleigh *Standard* received here says that the election in North Carolina, though ostensibly aimed at Governor Holden's defeat, is in reality intended as a blow to President Johnson. A telegram received here from Governor Holden, however, says that the indications are that he is elected by a small majority. Even if his competitor turns out to be elected, the President has already requested Governor Holden to continue to exercise the functions of executive of that State until further orders are received from Washington.

Trials of Winder and Duncan.

There are some indications that a military commission will be organized in this city for the trial of the rebel Capts. Winder and Duncan, charged with participating in the Andersonville atrocities. Winder is a son of the Gen. Winder, now deceased, who had commanded at Andersonville and other Southern prisons, while Duncan is a witness in the Wirz trial, who was arrested shortly after his revelations on the witness stand. The evidence for the Government would be pretty much the same as that adduced in the Wirz trial.

The Course of Gen. Fullerton,

of the Freedman's Bureau, at New Orleans, has not met with official approval, and he has been relieved. Gen. Fullerton was at one time permanently attached to the Bureau in this city, but Brigadier General Baird has succeeded him.

Internal Revenue.

The receipts of internal revenue are increasing. The average for some time past has been less than a million, but to-day the total amount received was one and a quarter millions.

Representatives from Southern States.

The *Republican* of this evening, learns personally from Col. McPherson, Clerk of the House, that he does not hesitate for a moment, to say that his path is simple and clear; that he has not [illegible]

FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE CITY OF WASHINGTON.

SPAIN TO SUPPRESS SLAVE TRADE

Restrictions on American Vessels Removed.

The French in Mexico

American Soldier Arrested at Dublin

Change in British Cabinet Not Yet Announced.

Speculations of English Papers.

NEW YORK, November 13.—The steamer City of Washington, with dates of Liverpool 1st, and Queenstown 2d, has arrived here with four days later news, stating that Spain intends taking energetic measures in the suppression of the slave trade. The British Government has ordered all restriction on American vessels to be removed. The Paris correspondent of the *Morning Post* says the intended withdrawal of the French from Mexico, has lately assumed a more decided character. Maximilian wished to recruit in Austria and Belgium. It is proposed to permit the French officers and men to take the oath of allegiance to Maximilian, if inclined to do so. Maximilian would then find himself surrounded entirely by his own army. The *Post* says it is scarcely to be supposed that the United States Government would wish to replace such a government, to resume the republican confusion and anarchy. In the course of time the public feeling in America will acknowledge the liberal government now endeavoring to raise Mexico to civilization.

The proprietor of the *Irish People* is attempting to bring action against the Lord Lieutenant and other authorities for the suppression of his paper.

The French journals deny that France made any effort to exercise moral influence in the Austrian policy towards Frankfort.

On the 28th, a respectable man, giving his name as James Henry Later, of the 9th Connecticut Volunteers, was arrested at Dublin on the arrival of the steamer from Liverpool. The prisoner was found to have in his possession a seven barreled revolver, two thousand rounds of rifled patent ball cartridges, said to be poisoned, a box of patent percussion caps, four military drill books, four commissions bearing his name, to serve in the Connecticut volunteers as Lieutenant and Colonel, and also the sum of thirty-eight pounds, supposed to be for the purposes of Fenianism. He stated that he had returned to Ireland to see an uncle and intended to return to America. He was remanded for further hearing.

Bourse flat. Rentes closed at 68.

The Italian election was finished, and was highly favorable to the Government. Gen. Kawseler was appointed Papal Minister. Two French frigates arrived at Civita Vecchia for the troops now commencing the evacuation. The Holstein estate is to be convoked. Schleswig will be incorporated into Germany, and that the Confederation pay the expenses of the late Danish war.

There is still no official announcement concerning the ministerial arrangement. Clarendon is certain to be Foreign Minister.

The *Globe* claims forbearance on the change of the ministry until the Government is enabled to lay before Parliament the programmes, upon the satisfactory character of which its existence will depend.

The *Morning Post* thinks reform extremely doubtful, the nation being too indifferent.

The Prince and Princess paid their expected visit to Liverpool on the 31st.

Advices from Rio Janeiro, to October 10th, via England, confirm the capture of Uruguay by the Allies and Paraguayans. They surrendered unconditionally, and six thousand were made prisoners. Their General has been brought to [illegible]

[illegible]

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

IMPORTANT NAVAL DOCUMENTS.

Why the General Officers are not Mustered Out.

Dispatch to Our Minister in England.

President Engaged on his Message.

Probable Removal of our Army from the Mexican Frontier.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, November 13.

Naval Documents.

The documents accompanying the Report of the Secretary of the Navy are in print. They contain, among other thing, a full history of all the naval operations along the Southern coast, with maps, charts, etc. The documents will be of universal interest. The Secretary's report proper will be about the same length as last year. The estimates for the next fiscal year will be twenty-three millions dollars. The appropriations of last year, which were very large, will be absorbed by the close of the fiscal year.

Muster Out of General Officers.

A Senator, who called upon Gen. Grant a day or two ago, remonstrated with him for keeping so many general officers in the service unemployed. He replied that he had, several weeks ago, made out a list to be mustered out, but that they were hanging fire in the War Department or some other place.

Important Dispatch.

Secretary Seward has completed an important dispatch to our Minister to England.

Pardon Seekers.

There were a large number of pardon seekers at the White House to-day, waiting for an audience. At a late hour they were notified that the President would not be able to see any of them [illegible]

Highly Interesting.

Emigrants Going to the South—Sufferings Among the Freedmen—Collections for the Freedmen Being Made in Germany—New Gold Notes—No More Pardons for Rebel Leaders at Present—Chief Justice Chase and Gen. Grant in New York—Monster Meeting at Cooper Institute.

NEW YORK, November 13.—Among the emigrants that arrived here last week, a considerable number went directly to the Southern States. Most of these had selected their destination before leaving Europe.

General Fisk and Chaplain French addressed a meeting last evening on the condition of the freedmen in the South. They stated that there was much suffering in Kentucky, Alabama and Georgia, and unless immediate assistance was given fifty thousand would die in those States alone, during the coming winter, of cold and starvation. The condition of the negroes in Tennessee was represented better than in the other States.

New gold notes of the denomination of one hundred dollars, were received at the United States Treasury in this city, to-day.

The *Commercial's* Washington dispatch says the President informed an ex-Confederate General to-day, that it is not his present intention to pardon any more civil or military leaders of the rebellion.

Chief Justice Chase is expected in the city to-night, when it will be known definitely respecting Jeff. Davis's trial, and will be announced.

The *Herald's* Berlin letter says movements are in progress in Hamburg, Bremen and Berlin to raise a fund in aid of the colored population of the United States. It is thought a large sum will be raised in Germany for the purpose.

NEW YORK, November 13.—Gen. Grant, family and staff arrived this evening and are stopping at the Metropolitan.

A monster meeting was held at the Cooper Institute this evening, under the auspices of the American Union Commissioners, for the purpose of relieving the distress at the South, at which Senator Morgan presided. Speeches were made by the Mayor, General Meade, Dr. Thompson, Gov. Parsons, of Alabama, Gen. Fisk, and Henry Ward Beecher. The address of the latter was full of conciliation, kindness and consideration towards those who were lately in rebellion. Gov. Parsons states that at the collapse of the rebellion there were one hundred and forty-three thousand white persons receiving State support, and that, unless they have relief, fifty thousand, white and black, must perish of starvation before spring. The meeting was enthusiastic.

The Department of State has received a letter from Minister Pike, dated the Hague, October 18, in which he says there is little of public interest going on in Europe at this moment, excepting what refers to the cholera and cattle [illegible]

INTERESTING FROM UTAH.

Hostility to the Government—Change of Tone in the Mormon Leaders.

A letter from Salt Lake City to the New York *Tribune*, dated October 8th, says:

Last June, in Brigham's long conference with Colfax party, he professed a desire that the conversation should be entirely frank on both sides. He assured us that Polygamy was not an original, vital feature of their faith, but a later revelation, and to most a privilege, not an obligation. And, without distinctly saying so, he left the impression upon the minds of all of us that the Mormons saw that it must succumb to contact with advancing settlement and civilization and would, ere long, find some excuse to abandon it. I do not say that he wilfully deceived us, but he certainly gave us this idea. James M. Ashley, of Ohio, Chairman of the House Committee on Territories, here a few days later, had two interviews with Brigham, and if the San Francisco papers report him faithfully, he left the same belief. J. Ross Browne, the well-known tourist and author, who was here still later, formed the same opinion.

In this faith I endeavored to write of the people and leaders with the utmost kindness; to say nothing of their disloyalty in the past; nothing of the grave crimes alleged to have been committed in the name of the Church; nothing of the revolting details of polygamy, which all the Gentiles poured into my ears. If they were willing to abandon the one illegal and obnoxious feature of their social life, which they call a part of their religion, it seemed wise not to reopen any old issues, or hold them to strict accountability for anything done while they were smarting under supposed religious persecution.

But Brigham simply deluded us. Within a few hours after the interview with Mr. Colfax and his friends, he solemnized three polygamous marriages. One of the bridegrooms was Mr. John Myers, keeper of the Myers stage station at Bear Lake. The other parties will be named if the statement is authoritatively denied.

The public tone of all the leaders has radically changed. They preach that Polygamy is their religion; that they will adhere to it, living or dying, even by force of arms, if necessary; that the people and Government of the United States are their bitterest enemies, and desire to destroy them, but must be resisted to the death if they adopt violent measures. I have heard sermons here so disloyal that they brought the blood to my cheeks.

At Toole city, Sunday, August 28, several of the leaders addressed a congregation. Portions of their remarks are thus reported by James W. Gibson, a soldier in the United States service. He is ready to make affidavit to the literal accuracy of the report; and Col. Milo George, of 1st Nevada Volunteers, commandant of this post, vouches fully for his veracity. [illegible]

THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL.

A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.

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Per Year, (52 issues,).............$2 00

In Clubs of Twenty.............1 50

The money must always accompany the order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.

Postmasters are requested to act as agents for THE COMMERCIAL.

CITY MATTERS.

SLIGHT FIRE.—Yesterday morning an alarm of fire was created by the upsetting of a stove in the third story of Messrs. Barker & Co.'s dry goods establishment on Market street. The fire was extinguished before any damage had been done.

SURETY OF THE PEACE.—Mary Ann Banton, a resident of Collins township, appeared before Alderman Taylor yesterday, and lodged a complaint against Henry Bray for surety of the peace. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

CROSS SUITS.—On Saturday last, Richard Tinnessy made an information before Mayor Lowry against Patrick Donovan, charging him with surety of the peace, when he was held to bail. Last evening Donovan appeared before Alderman Taylor, of the Fifth ward, and instituted a suit against Tinnessy for perjury.

SUDDEN DEATH.—William M. Patchell, aged ten years, son of Col. James Patchell, died suddenly, on Sunday night, at his father's residence on Miller street, in the Seventh Ward. The deceased was apparently in his usual health on Sunday, and had attended church and Sunday School. During the evening he suddenly became unwell, when a physician was summoned. He continued to grow worse, and died about eleven o'clock. The cause of this sudden death was a chronic complaint, and the Coroner considered it unnecessary to hold an inquest.

SEVERE ACCIDENT.—On Saturday evening a young man named Edward Walters, a glass blower by occupation, had his foot badly crushed by the falling of a heavy iron cellar door in front of the Opera House, on Fifth street. The door had been left open by some persons connected with the building, and Mr. Walters alleges that as he was passing by, he was accidentally pushed against it, his foot going through the space between the pavement and bottom of the door, when it fell, causing the damage above stated.

HEARING POSTPONED.—The hearing in the cases of the young men arrested on Saturday afternoon for assaulting Messrs. Boulton and Kemp, on Liberty street, was postponed yesterday by the Mayor, owing to the illness of Mr. Kemp, whose injuries are considered serious. The Mayor declines taking bail for either of the defendants, and re-committed them to jail to await the result of Mr. Kemp's wounds.

[illegible]

The Daily Commercial

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 14.

Weekly Commercial.

CHEAPEST PAPER PUBLISHED.

The WEEKLY COMMERCIAL is the cheapest and one of the best papers published in the country. It contains thirty-six columns of reading, embracing all the current intelligence, reading for the family, complete market reports, and the latest news up to the hour of going to press. It is issued every Saturday at $2 a year to single subscribers, or $1.50 to clubs of twenty. Now is the time to subscribe.

ADVERTISEMENTS ON THE FIRST PAGE.—*Advertisements, displayed or otherwise, will be inserted on the first page of the* COMMERCIAL, *at the rate of one dollar per square for each insertion. The advantages of advertising on this page will be readily percieved.*

IMPORTANT MEETING THIS EVENING.

There will be an important meeting at the Board of Trade Room this evening, relative to the sanitary condition of the city. Although a general attendance by citizens is invited, the meeting specially will be of the committee from the Board of Trade, representatives from the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Councils, the Pittsburgh Board of Health, and representatives from the County Medical Society. The subject is one of the highest importance, and it is probable that interesting statements and much valuable information will be elicited.

THE SEASONS IN TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Our country exchanges inform us that winter is near, the summer being over and gone. We have no doubt, when we think of it, that the report is correct. We have felt a certain chilliness in the air. It is some time since we were annoyed by the paper sticking to our sweaty hand in writing. We have also noticed gentlemen wearing overcoats in the street, and gloves. We observe, too, that some person has placed a stove in our room. It is a great while since we tasted green peas and strawberries. Grapes, too, have been about, and they are fruits of autumn, if our memory serves us faithfully. Yes, it was in the spring that the rebellion was ended, and we had in our biggest spread eagle, and shortly after put the paper in mourning for the assassination of President LINCOLN. That was in April. The trees could not then have leaved out. It was a remarkable spring, full of great events, extra COMMERCIALS out twice a day, and could not supply the demand. Could now, with our new press. We have issued a great many papers since that time. If it be true, as it probably is, that winter is at hand, then, we presume, the green of the forests is changed to russet brown, and the faded foliage is falling to the ground, and is driven about by the chill, eddying winds, as we have seen them in former years.

The Greek fable of the city and the country mouse is a fair representation of man in urban and in rural life; as BURNS's *Twa Dogs* is, of man in high and low condition. City life is under high pressure, with all the accompanying puff and blow and go of that style of enginery. But the uniformity of its absorbing businesses, occupying the thoughts and the senses, gives its activity the character of a routine, that grows dull by continuance. The engagements of the office, the counting-room and the shop, presenting always the same sights and feeling always the same pressure, accommodate themselves to the circle prescribed by their requirements, and meet their demands by urgent but unvarying activity. The street walks and views, too, present the same sights always, as uniform in their general aspect as the current of the Monongahela.

But two seasons are known in the city—the one when fires are needed in our rooms, and the other when they are not needed. The others are noticed only by the successive products, as they appear in the markets—from spinach to turnips, from strawberries to pippins, from pansies to dahlias. Not so in the country. The observant eye and the cultivated taste have successive yet ceaseless pleasure in the delicate transitions of nature. Beauty and variety appear in every view. Their profusion affords gratification, while succession and change prevent the pleasure from palling on the sense. Buds, blossoms and fruits come in their turn. Winter warms genially into the smile of spring, spring glows into the full beauty of summer, with its green and golden fields basking in the sunlight and waving in the breeze, and autumn, the maturer, comes with steady step and sober mein, to tint the orchard fruits and forest leaves with their varied hues—his certificate of their ripeness and maturity. Plenty, too, as well as varied beauty, dwells in rural scenes. The garden yields its products, unwilted, for the table, fruits fresh from the burdened branches regale the appetite, honey from the comb, and perchance wholesome and refreshing wine from the grape clusters delight the taste. Nor do we forget the friendly presence of the inferior races—the docile horse ever ready for work or travel; "the ox with honest front," the kine coming at call to yield from distended udders what city people, if truth is told, but rarely taste; the gentle flock feeding on the hillside, and "blithe chanticleer" in the barn yard with his domestic harem around him.

But there are arguments on both sides, as men are accustomed to say, when they fail in coming to a decision. If our recollection is correct, both the mice had something to say for their respective homes, and each had some concessions to make to the other. So must it be with men, and he has the best and amplest materials for contentment and freest access to stores of gratification who best performs his duties in his allotted place.

ENGLISH SYMPATHY FOR JEFF. DAVIS.

Our British cousins are sometimes remarkable for their inconsistency with previously avowed sentiments, when the result is likely to prove displeasing to them. Forgetful of the horrid penalties they inflicted upon the Sepoys, such as submitting them to the most inhuman tortures, blowing them from the mouth of cannons, and the summary manner they are disposing of the Jamaician negroes, who recently rose in revolt against the English authorities of their island, as well as the fact that they are hunting down like wild beasts the Fenian leaders in Ireland, they continue to harp against the inferred determination of the Federal executive power to "hang traitors," and "render treason odious" by the severest punishment. The aristocratic element of Great Britain raised a fearful hue and cry against adopting such a method in this country, and denounced it "perfectly shocking" to the senses of every civilized country on the globe. In the scenes of anarchy and blood which were enacted on our virgin soil during four years of sanguinary conflict they only saw the "mental prowess of JEFF. DAVIS," and, forsooth, because they deem him as something superior to the ordinary run of mankind, they would have us overlook his wicked attempt to destroy his country and throw back the hopes of the world indefinitely. But in this is exhibited the same ignorance which we discover in almost everything that emanates from their side of the "big pond" concerning our country, its public men, and its institutions. The events of the war have proved JEFF. DAVIS a "mental failure," for although educated for the army, and with an extended experience in the Congress of the United States, and as War Minister, he utterly disappointed the expectations of his people, and demoralization began to show itself in every branch of the co-ordinate departments of the Confederate Government, almost immediately subsequent to its formation. It was his lack of judgment—his blind devotion to a policy of which ordinary common sense should have exposed the ruinous effect, that brought about the succession of disasters which so crippled his Government and foretold the disaster which must at last befal it. His eminent unfitness for the responsible station he filled has been set forth in an article by a member of the Rebel General BEAUREGARD's staff, who says: "In all things appertaining to the administration of our Government, environed with difficulties requiring the qualities of a statesman and soldier to overcome, he was found incompetent." Mr. DAVIS was a Southerner in tone and character, and there are many distinctive phases of his life which, we do not hesitate to say, are admirable. But there is a prominent difference in the man as an under officer or ministerial functionary of the Government, and the chieftain of a great movement to establish a separate Government on the same soil with the United States. The idea of our British cotemporaries is to deify the arch-traitor and destroy the idea of holding such men as they would have us believe him to be, in the light of a criminal. If there is nothing terrible in hanging and shooting offenders against the laws of Great Britain, whether they be Sepoys, Jamaicaian negroes or Fenians, then it is certainly difficult to see wherein lies our offense in "hanging traitors."

A NEW NATION RISING.

The emancipation of the slaves in the Southern States, and the recognition of the nationality of the African Republic—both events of the war period—render Liberia an object of renewed and increased interest in the United States. For many years the colony of colored Americans on the west coast of Africa was cherished by government favor and by private philanthropy. It had many difficulties to encounter, both from the condition of the colonists, and from the character of the natives. Yet the colony prospered as well, if not better, than colonies have generally done. It has been for many years a free republic and has prospered as such. But a new era of progress will now, we imagine, dawn upon it, through the events above referred to in our own country.

Liberia is destined to thrive by trade, especially with the United States, if a wise and liberal policy is pursued. And in the channel of trade, emigration will flow. The colored people will constitute the stream of emigration to Liberia. They will go to it, not as a refuge from the odium of slavery, not as an alternative to bondage itself, but in the prosecution of their social and financial interests. The climate is salubrious to the African race, the land is plenty and cheap, and the products of the soil are easily raised and find a ready market.

Sugar and coffee are the staple articles of agriculture. From information of the most authentic character furnished to the New York *Post*, we learn that the annual crop of sugar now amounts to four and a half million pounds, although only twelve years ago none was produced in the colony. There are twenty-eight sugar-mills in operation, of which seven are worked by steam power. An acre of cane yields nearly two thousand pounds of sugar, which is of an excellent quality. And the peculiar advantage of the climate for this crop is, that the plant becomes almost a perennial, requiring to be planted only once in six or seven years. Coffee is raised with great profit. The tree, four years after planting, yields a good return for the labor and investment, and continues to do so at the rate of seventy-five cents to a dollar and a quarter per tree. A farm with one hundred acres of coffee, containing forty thousand trees, gives a very handsome profit.

The Liberians have as yet but a small foreign commerce, and that, we believe, has been chiefly with England, owing to some embarrassment thrown in the way of trade with this country by the old regime of the slaveholders. If a direct trade were fostered by our Government, it would turn to the advantage of both countries, and start a new current of voluntary emigration to Africa. One of the burdens of the colonists has been the release among them of the Africans taken from slave ships, making the number of this class too large for that of the colored people from the United States, and entailing upon the latter both expense and danger. They have felt, and still feel the want of adequate educational privileges. They have some schools and a college, but are still in need of more. The disposition and habits of the natives are improving. The work of instruction and government must be done by colored men, as the climate suits them and not the white race.

There are lines of vessels from this country to Western Africa, and the trade is said to be lucrative, the outward cargoes being manufactured goods, and the return, sugar, coffee, palm oil, ivory, &c. The trade will increase with time and the improvement of the country, and the improvement will, of course, be augmented by the increase of intelligent and industrious immigrants. Civilization and Christianity are spreading among the native population.

COMING TO AN UNDERSTANDING.

The position of some of the leading ex-rebel Representatives in the South indicates a disposition to create a dispute in Congress, at its preliminary organization next month. There is neither good sense nor justice in such a course, and the attempt will certainly prove a miserable failure. The duties of the Clerk of the House are clearly defined in the act of March 3, 1863, and the proceedings under it indicate with equal force the policy to be pursued. The election of members of Congress from States lately in rebellion, who cannot take the oath, in the face of repeated hints as to the necessity of "clean hands and pure hearts," has the appearance of a challenge on their part.

It is rumored that a prominent Confederate, now in voluntary exile, is a candidate, in his old district in Louisiana, for the lower branch of the National Legislature, "with fair chances of success," and the indications are that in many parts of the South there will be shown an utter disregard of the counsel of President JOHNSON, in the choice of individuals who are under the ban and ineligible. The remedy is to be found in the prompt rejection of these men by Congress, which is its own arbitrator in deciding who shall compose its membership. The extension of the term of office of Governor SHARKEY, Governor HOLDEN and Governor PERRY, however, is proof of President JOHNSON's determination to adhere to his reconstruction policy, under which no one not fully qualified can hope for admission to either branch of Congress. No difficulty in this matter need be apprehended. That it will be calmly and definitely disposed of is an inevitable fact. Those who knock at the door of the Union cannot set at defiance all authority, and yet expect recognition.

THE CHOLERA.

We gave our readers, last week, an elaborate statement of the inducements which invite the cholera to visit our community, particularly the want of a perfect sewerage system, without which no city in the world, situated like our own, can possibly enjoy a good sanitary condition. Our Homœopathic friends have taken up the subject, and contend that the appearance of the disease on our shores should not create any unnecessary alarm, in view of the correspondence between certain classes of physiological and aetiological facts in relation to it, which are under the control of their remedies. However that may be, the predisposing causes are equally within the control of every person, and this certainly should tend to inspire hope and promote safety. By general experience, personal cleanliness, well ventilated chambers, moderation in the use of food and stimulants, limited exercise, and the discarding of fear and other depressing emotions, are potent in warding off the disease. It is of considerable importance that these things should be carefully observed, and in doing so the evidence of their influence will speedily manifest itself.

THE ELECTIONS, IN SOUTHERN VIEW.

The late elections are instructive. They convey lessons which the North and South can read and understand. It is the same voice echoing from the peaceful homes of our people, that was uttered in thunder tones of war in the theatre of the rebellion. It is the indorsement of the principles on which the war was prosecuted, and on which it was at last closed—that we must have a united and free country. It is a renewed expression of the purpose to maintain the Government. It is a proof, too, that the majority of the people are still aware of the necessity for eternal vigilance as the guardian of freedom.

The Richmond *Enquirer* does not seem to appreciate the honest and kind purposes of the people. It says of our late elections, "This result will greatly depress the people of the South." It will not, if they understand it aright, and shape their conduct accordingly. It should depress those selfish and designing politicians who, having once ruined the people by dragging them into rebellion, now seem determined to perpetuate the ruin by marring the measures taken by the Government for their restoration.

"OUR MUTUAL FRIEND."

This last—and some say the best—production of DICKENS's prolific mind, is complete. Rival editions are before the public, by HARPER and PETERSON respectively. For sale by MINER, Fifth street, and DAVIS, CLARK & Co., Wood street. Thousands of admirers of DICKENS will experience real gratification at this announcement.

DR. KERFOOT AND THE EPISCOPATE.

To the Editor of the Commercial:

Having read your interesting article of Saturday on the approaching Episcopal Convention, I was prepared to learn that the friends of the Rev. Dr. Kerfoot had moved in a defense of his principles and actions, as proves to be the case this morning. For my own part I am willing to judge the case of Dr. Kerfoot as he presented it in the letter you publish this day, being fully satisfied that that gentleman will appear, upon reflection, to be wholly unfit to become the head of the Church in this Diocese. It is unnecessary to discuss the question whether he is loyal or not, as his letter clearly establishes the fact that his loyalty is not of the character to which we have been accustomed in this intensely patriotic community. I propose with your indulgence to indicate wherein I think Dr. Kerfoot's defense of himself is illogical and untrue.

On the 13th of October, in the late General Convention, the Hon. Horace Binney offered a resolution that in the religious services to be appointed for the day of thanksgiving, "especial thanks be offered to Almighty God for the re-establishment of the national authority over our whole country, and for the removal of the great occasion of national dissension and estrangement to which our late troubles are due." This resolution was laid on the table, and Dr. Kerfoot's vote helped to do it. On the 17th, Mr. Binney offered a series of resolutions on the same subject and to the same effect, referring to the fact that the General Convention of 1862 had pledged to the Government its devout and earnest prayers that its efforts to put down the rebellion might be crowned with speedy and complete success; and that it was their duty to render thanks to God when their prayers had been granted. These resolutions shared the fate of the former one, and Dr. Kerfoot not only voted again with the majority, but in a speech placed himself on the record. It is this action he attempts to defend.

After a profuse, and I trust for his sake a truthful declaration of his loyalty, he says:

"But my point was that this Church Convention was not the place for declarations *on these or on any distinctly national topics, nor on any topics civil or social*, except in direct and necessary connection with our ecclesiastical and religious work."

Again he says:

"The point was simply this: Is it right to legislate here by way of *political manifestations, on such topics of civil polity, history and duty? We say it is wrong and sinful, as well as unwise and hurtful.*"

These quotations each contain the basis of his defense, and neither he nor his friends can complain if the absurdity of his defense is made as clear as the noon-day sun. Do the expressions "*national topics*," "*topics civil or social*," "*political manifestations*," and "*topics of civil polity, history and duty*" loyally describe the monstrous sins of slavery and rebellion against the Government? The sentiment of human right and justice is too far advanced to allow the sinfulness of slavery to be questioned. Slavery being a sin, it fell within the province of the Church to deal with it as such, for the mission of the Church is to war against sin in all its forms and wherever it may be found. It seems incredible that any minister of Christ could refuse to thank God for the removal of a sin on the ground that to do so would be a "political manifestation!"

As to the rebellion, it is a part of history that it had its origin in slavery, and that slavery was declared to be the corner-stone of the rebel government. Nay, more, it was avowed openly that the slave rebellion should culminate in the re-opening of the horrible slave trade which had been abolished by all the civilized nations of the earth. Linked as they were inseparably, aside from the fact that rebellion against a just government is not only a wrong against the State, but a grievous sin against God, slavery and rebellion were subjects that engrossed the attention of both Church and State during the past five years. During the late dreadful war the President appointed frequent days for fasting and prayer, on which the churches were opened and filled with worshipers, who prayed earnestly to God that the rebellion might be put down and the country saved. So far as Dr. Kerfoot was concerned, if he observed those days of fasting and prayer, he used, beside the special prayers, the prayer in the Litany of the regular service: "From all sedition, privy-conspiracy and *rebellion*, &c., good Lord deliver us."

God having answered our prayers to put down the rebellion, Dr. Kerfoot says it is a "national topic," and "it is wrong and sinful" to thank Him; having restored the unity of the Government, we must not praise Him, because the topic is "civil or social;" having put an end to the curse of slavery, the Church must be silent, for thanksgiving to God would be a "political manifestation;" and still more pointedly, having in His love for the Church answered the prayers of the Church to be delivered from "all sedition, privy-conspiracy and rebellion," Dr. Rufoot says that it is a topic of "civil polity, history and duty," and that "it is wrong and sinful, as well as unwise and hurtful," for the Church to legislate upon it. Is such a man fit to be the head of the Church?

It is true that rebellion and slavery were subjects upon which the State acted, and it is equally true that that fact did not withdraw them from the action of the Church. Murder, robbery, intemperance, profanity, &c., are offenses which the laws of the State operate against, and which the Church labors to destroy by means of religion. If the State and the Church—loyalty and religion—can heartily co-operate against those sins which are civil and social, why ought they not unite in their efforts against the sins of slavery and rebellion, which Dr. Kerfoot says are civil and social also?

If Dr. Kerfoot is loyal, his judgment is in error and his logic untrue. If the Church should keep silent on slavery and rebellion because the State had charge of them, it should be silent in regard to every other sin against which the State has prescribed laws. If he means that the Church should be silent because those subjects have been discussed by political parties, he would weaken the Church and bring it into disgrace. Intemperance has often been an issue in political campaigns, and may often be again, and for that reason Dr. Kerfoot would forbid the Church mentioning the subject. When Utah applies for admission in the Union, its polygamy will become a question for political discussion, and Dr. Kerfoot will preach and pray no more against it. But it is needless to pursue this theme further. I have followed Dr. Kerfoot's position far enough to demonstrate its absolute and deplorable absurdity. Although he says that he personally thanks God that slavery and rebellion are at an end, yet I have failed to discover one word in his letter to indicate that he regarded them as sins; and herein may we discover the reason why his judgment is so beclouded. If he regards them as questions of civil polity simply, with which the Church has no concern, he certainly cannot comprehend the grand mission and scope of the Church, and is incompetent by reason of his inability to understand the nature and character of sin to become the head of the Church. Let us have a man who is able to understand sin wherever he may find it, and who will labor to destroy it, and who, when it is destroyed, will thank God for crowning his efforts with success. But Dr. Kerfoot says that he does thank God, individually, that slavery and rebellion have been destroyed, and yet he tells us that for the Church collectively to thank Him would be "wrong and sinful, as well as unwise and hurtful." I cannot understand how it can be right for me to do a thing as an individual that would be wrong and sinful for my Church to do. It is unreasonable to say that what would be sinful in my Church would be virtuous in myself. Yet such is Dr. Kerfoot's logic.

But Dr. Kerfoot had another motive for his course. He was afraid of offending the Southern delegates who could not vote in favor of thanking God that the rebellion had been put down. It is difficult to reconcile the duty of a Christian minister with such a motive. If the motive is right, it should not be limited to the sins of slavery and rebellion only. The minister should neither preach nor pray against intemperance, profanity, Sabbath-breaking, gambling or anything else, because he has hearers who formerly practiced such sins, and might offend them. It is absurd. The man who entertains such an idea would have endeavored to restrain Jesus Christ from overturning the tables of the money-changers and clearing the temple of those who had made it a den of thieves. If the Southern delegates were sincere Christians, they would have united in giving thanks to God for the victory over sin, and if they were not, they should not have been permitted to participate in legislating for the Church. If Dr. Kerfoot is moved in his sacred office by fears of giving offense to the wicked, he is not competent to preach Christ and Him crucified, for we read that Christ himself offended many who went out and walked no more with Him.

As the conclusion of this communication, I must say that the Episcopal Church in the new diocese cannot surrender the fruits of the past five years. Many of its members contributed largely of their means, and many gave their lives and services to put down the rebellion. Loyalty must be preserved in the Church as well as in the State. God's goodness in answering our prayers must be the subject of our praise and thanksgiving, and must not be avoided on the plea of "political manifestations." If our joy over the defeat of sin should provoke the wrath of the wicked, we must not hesitate. The path of duty is plain before us. Dr. Kerfoot's letter shows him to be a man who could not come up to the exigencies of the times and the wants of the people of this diocese. Whatever be the qualities of his scholastic attainments, or the loyalty of his mind and purpose, he has failed to learn the lesson of recent events, or to comprehend the mission of his Church. I am anxious for the prosperity of the Church, and earnest in the hope that a man may be selected for Bishop, who will not close his eyes to an enormous sin, and blindly call it a "topic of civil polity." Such a man, Dr. Kerfoot certainly is not, and if his friends desire to see the Church prosper, they will not urge his election.

GOD AND COUNTRY.

THE ADAMS SENATORIAL DISTRICT.—The friends of DUNCAN, the defeated Democratic candidate in the Adams Senatorial district, are making a desperate effort to establish his election. A clear return of the legal votes polled in the district for Senator elects Mr. MCCONAUGHY, and discarding all illegal votes, the latter's majority would be five times greater than it is. Beside, the returns from the 77th Pennsylvania regiment, now in Texas, when received will give Mr. MCCONAUGHY a fair majority. The tricks of the Democracy to prove the election of DUNCAN will not avail.

THE St. Louis *Democrat* is of opinion that with cattle disease raging abroad, "we shall hardly see pork and bacon at their old figures, or any ways near them, for a long period." A New Orleans paper mentions the fact—strange under existing circumstances—that Westphalia hams and English bacon can be bought at the groceries in that city at the same rate as the Cincinnati articles.

The Third Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery arrived in Philadelphia on Friday, and proceeded to Camp Cadwalader, to be mustered out.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

A Committee of the Massachusetts Legislature appointed to consider the best method of aiding the soldiers of that Commonwealth, held a meeting at the State House, in Boston, last week. A Mr. Perry, proprietor of a mineral spring, in a healthful location, proposed to take twenty-five soldiers during the winter at five dollars a week. The condition of the Soldiers' Home, at Weston, was reported to be in a bad condition, and the fare of the inmates worse than paupers. The Committee will draw a plan for the employment of soldiers as far as possible, suitable to their disabled condition, and to those who cannot earn a living, a pension or State aid will probably be paid in addition to the Government pension.

The great English capitalists, whose departure from our shores recently has been pretty extensively chronicled, gave a good many evidences of their liberality in various ways. One of them, Mr. McHenry, paid Bierstadt, the artist, $20,000 for a picture, and Sir Morton Peto, paid Delmonico $25,000 for a dinner. Mr. McHenry also purchased a landscape of Gignoux, the painter, but what he paid for it, we do not know. Mr. McHenry, by the way, is called an English capitalist, but he is an American by birth.

The money stolen from an express wagon in Chicago, last Thursday, amounting to $41,000, has been recovered, and the thieves who took it apprehended. The wife of one of the robbers was arrested on suspicion. Her maiden name was Rosa Le Gordon. She is only sixteen years old and innocently married a villain, who she was led to believe was an honorable man. Her story to the authorities was full of touching pathos, and elicited great sympathy for her. The circumstances surrounding her case, of course, led to her arrest upon suspicion that she was an accomplice in the robbery; but if her statement is true, she is, indeed, more sinned against than sinning.

Secretary of State Tyndale, of Illinois, has returned to Springfield, after a successful survey of the Cairo and St. Louis Railroad. The distance will be about 140 miles. The grade is very favorable, and but little curving and less cutting will be required. The road will pass through the following towns: Belleville, Fraburg, Athens, Lenyburg, Sparta, Brownsville, Jonesboro, Thebes, and Santa Fe.

DIRECT SOUTHERN RAILROAD FOR CINCINNATI.—The subject of a direct southern road, with the view of bringing Charleston and other points as near Cincinnati as New York, is enlisting the attention of the Queen city. The enterprise is one of great magnitude, promising however important results. The country directly south of Cincinnati comprises 120,000 square miles, viz: Eastern Kentucky, Eastern Tennessee, Western North Carolina, two-thirds of Georgia and a part of Alabama. A writer in the Cincinnati *Gazette* urges an independent road to Charleston. He is of the opinion that it should leave the Kentucky Central at Paris, eighty miles from Cincinnati, and proceed through Richmond and London to Cumberland Ford. This is not only direct, but it is one of the best routes for a railroad in the country. Much of it is level, and forty miles on a dry ridge, with no high ridges to cross. On this route it is one hundred and twenty miles from Paris to Cumberland, and sixty miles thence to Knoxville. Probably a good route, easily made, may be found within two hundred and seventy miles in length, of which eighty miles are already made. From this main trunk branches may be made down the Cumberland and to the Upper Sandy, (in which section there are probably large deposits of petroleum,) whenever such branches are needed.

WESTERN FREIGHTS.—The high price of freights between the producing regions of the West and live water is attracting much attention. Mr. Platt Smith, grain shipper, proves, if his figures are correct, that wheat can be shipped by water from Dubuque to New York, via St. Louis and New Orleans, during the summer, for 33 cents a bushel, and during the winter, by Illinois Central railroad, from Dubuque to Cairo for 48 cents a bushel, whereas it is now shipped via Chicago at a total expense of 65 cents a bushel, which is an excess over the route by New Orleans of 32 cents during summer, and of 17 cents during the winter. But the Chicago *Tribune* goes into a calculation to show that Mr. Smith is in error, and shows that the total expense of shipment from Dubuque to New York, via New Orleans, is 85 cents as against 58 cents via Chicago, an excess of 27 cents over the present route in summer, and 11 cents in winter, if the shipment be made via Illinois Central instead of by water, from Dubuque to Cairo. In addition thereto, the uncertainty in the time of the trip by river, the danger of delays on the Mississippi, the precarious chance of getting immediate shipment from New Orleans, the fact that wheat and corn do not bear transportation through the tropical climate of the Gulf and Gulfstream, without heating, and the storms and risks of the ocean passage, all tend to make the lake route more available than the Mississippi.

SOCIAL LIFE IN NEW ORLEANS.—At the present time there are in the Crescent City about 30,000 more people than ever before, and every steamboat, steamship and railroad comes crowded with visitors. Our city is therefore very gay. In business hours it is impossible to move about without jostling, and in the afternoon Canal street is dressed in all the glories of the Boulevard des Italiens. At our theatres several of the most accomplished artists of the country have recently made their appearance, and last night the new opera house was re-opened to a German dramatic company, which brought out Guston's "*Das Urbild des Tartuffe*" in splendid style, and with excellent music, to the great delight of our numerous Teutons. To-night we are to have "*Christine von Schweden*," which will doubtless bring out both the Teutonic and Gallic elements of our society. In a few weeks we shall have the Italian opera and after that the French, which last is most endeared to our Creole population.—*N. O. Times.*

THE COTTON MOVEMENT.—In the current week the receipts of cotton at this port have amounted to 24,304 bales; sales and resales, to 15,800 bales; and exports to 17,857 bales, leaving an available stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared in this market, of about 170,000 bales, worth about $34,000,000 in lawful money, at an average of $200 a bale. Middling grades had fallen to 50@51c. a pound on Thursday, but rallied to 51@52c. a pound at the close of business yesterday, on a decidedly active inquiry for home use and shipment. At all the shipping ports, from September 1 to the latest mail dates, the receipts of cotton reached about 400,000 bales, against exports, in the same period, of about 185,000 bales, leaving an estimated stock in the ports of about 235,000 bales, or the equivalent of $78,600,000 in currency. The total receipts of cotton at all the ports from the date of peace, May 1, to the latest mail dates received in this city by October 31st, were 742,776 bales, representing a currency value of $148,555,200.—*N. Y. Times.*

There are six milk companies operating on the line of the Erie Railroad, each of which do an extensive business in New York city, employing a capital of $125,000. They pay the farmers six cents per quart, testing the purity of the article by the lactometer. Two hundred and sixty-three milk wagons start daily from the Erie depot with an aggregate of forty-three thousand gallons and as much more comes from other sources. The daily supply of the city is about eighty-six thousand gallons. New York thus pays the round sum of one thousand dollars per day for milk. In addition to this, large quantities of cream are used during the summer, one company receiving five hundred gallons per day at thirty-five cents per gallon. This is sold to ice cream dealers, and large quantities are shipped to Washington in cans surrounded by ice.

LONGEVITY OF MAN.—A writer in the *Atlantic Monthly* proves by statistics that man's longevity is in exact proportion to his educational attainments, provided his health has not been injured by over-mental exertion. It seems that increasing intelligence and decreasing war have prolonged the average length of life in Europe from twenty-five years in the seventeenth century to thirty-five in the eighteenth, and to forty-five in the nineteenth. The best educated communities are the longest lived, and the best educated soldiers live amazingly longer than the more ignorant, and seem to wear a charmed life, not so much against bullet and bayonet, as against the *effects* of disease, privation, and even severe wounds, on their constitutions and lives.

HELPLESSNESS OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC.—In America we continue to be crushed and killed on our railways without a murmur; and in Europe they submit sweetly to be locked up on theirs into cells where, if one's fellow-prisoner happens to be a murderer or maniac, or monster of any sort, there is no relief from him till the train stops at the next station. In England Muller illustrated the advantages of this system in cases of assassination; and in France a young man named Albert Edmond Langfield, of Strasbourg, has recently shown that it is favorable to rape. He is arrested, but the system remains, and will doubtless receive from others the improvement of which it is susceptible.

BISHOP ELLIOTT HEARD FROM.—A New York correspondent writes: I have seen a letter to-day from the venerable Bishop Elliott, of Georgia, to an eminent Episcopal divine of this city, expressing his satisfaction at the spirit which governed the recent General Convention in Philadelphia, and cordially agreeing with it in its disposition of the delicate questions coming up for its decision as concerning reunion with the Southern dioceses. The Bishop says the only thing now necessary to be done in order to render reconciliation complete, is to have the General Council of the Southern Dioceses convene, as previously agreed to, at Mobile, in the course of the current month, and limit their action simply to an unqualified ratification of the proceedings of the Philadelphia Convention.

Saturday morning, as the first freight train eastward on the Pennsylvania railroad was in the vicinity of Middletown, a man named Ambrose Powers (who was in company with two other persons,) fell from the bumper of one of the cars, and was instantly killed by the train passing over him. Deceased was aged about twenty years, and resided in Lancaster. When the above train was in the neighborhood of Columbia, same morning, the two men who had been in company with Powers, fell from the car in which they were riding, and were killed. Both accidents recorded above were such as might occur at any time, and for which neither the railroad company nor its employees are responsible.

STOCK GAMBLING.—The most remarkable instance on record of wildness in stock gambling circles came off in the early part of the present week on Wall street. Milwaukie and Prairie du Chien Railroad stock was taken hold of by the "bulls" and worked up in one day from 124 to 230! It appears that upwards of 60,000 shares of the stock were sold "short," while there are only 29,000 shares issued. Of course it was an easy matter to "corner" the market under such circumstances, and the result was the advance named. This "corner" wholly eclipses anything of the kind ever before tried in this or any other country.

BRITISH THRIFT.—Some of the enterprising iron and lead foundries in Birmingham, England, it is said, have lately been driving quite a brisk business in casting heathen (bronze) gods, and shipping them off to India, where they meet a ready market. This helps two branches of industry—first, the dealers in pig lead; second, the foreign missionary societies. The Hindoos are reported to pay liberally for these molten images—while the "unco guid" bodies of Exeter Hall are enabled to make a great noise about the alarming increase of Paganism, and so stir up the faithful to augment their subscriptions to the missionary contribution box.

IMPORTANT NAVAL OPERATIONS.—The New York *Herald*, notwithstanding the denial of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, insists that important naval operations are going on, such as the fitting out of vessels, sending them abroad, etc. Says that paper: "The fact is notorious that our squadrons on certain foreign stations comprise as many vessels and heavier material than were numbered among the first class vessels in the entire navy before the war. A special squadron, including iron-clads and first class wooden ships, have just left for the Pacific, and our naval force all over the world is being strengthened by the addition of a number of the modern style of fighting ships."

MEXICO.

A Conspiracy Story—Curious Revelations.

We find the following in a letter from the city of Mexico, dated September 20, and published in the New Orleans *Crescent*:

"Although the public clamor about enforcing what is called the Monroe doctrine seems to have subsided in the United States, there is, nevertheless, some uneasiness still felt by the government here. This arises not so much from what is publicly known, but from certain information, some time since received here, of secret movements, having for their object to precipitate the United States government into a war with this government and probably with France at the same time. The facts which I am about to state have not been as yet published in either country, but they have come to the knowledge of this government in a manner which invests them with abundant authenticity.

"Some time since—I believe in the month of July last—the Emperor received intelligence from his agent in New York, Mr. Arroyo, of the existence of a conspiracy, having its origin in that city, for the purpose of dismembering this Empire, and of ultimately expelling the dynasty of Maximilian from the country. The latter result would, it was supposed by the conspirators, be the inevitable result of the war in which they expected to involve the United States, for the purpose of supporting certain ridiculous and absurd pretensions on the part of a number of Americans, to the ownership of a large portion of Mexican territory. It appears that some time during the year 1863, the Juarez Government, then established at Chihuahua, made a secret contract with a citizen of California, ceding to him the whole of the vast peninsula of Lower California.

"In return for this cession the sum of one hundred thousand dollars was to be paid within a stipulated time; and it was agreed on the part of the grantee, that he would, within a given number of years, introduce at least one hundred families of immigrants, to whom the rights and privileges usual in such cases were to be conceded. The time expired before the grantee could carry out his contract. In other words he could not raise the money. It did not seem to be a good investment under the circumstances; and the capitalists of California were unwilling to risk their funds on the precarious chances of the Juarez government. Subsequently the grantee obtained an extension of the contract for a period of time which has not yet expired.

"He then went to New York, where he entered into communication with an association of persons calling themselves the 'Senora and Lower California Colonization Company,' of which George Wilkes, of *Wilkes's Spirit of the Times*, is the Secretary. These persons took up the matter and agreed to assume the contract—provided they could find anybody to advance the money. They held a meeting in New York in the month of March last, at which Mr. Caleb Cushing was present as consulting and advising lawyer. The contract was submitted to him for his opinion, and he gave his views in writing, stating that the grant was legal and valid, because in the first place the United States recognized no other Government in Mexico than that of Jaurez, and in the next place, because, even admitting the right of the Imperial Government, the grant had been made before the arrival of Maximilian in the country.

"Mr. Cushing further took the ground that the Government of the United States would be bound to protect its citizens in any rights they might acquire under this contract. This was the main point. If the Federal Government could be induced to pledge itself to a course of this kind, the requisite capital could be immediately procured, because, of however little value the peninsula of Lower California may be, it would be dirt cheap at a hundred thousand dollars.

"But money making was only one of the objects of the conspirators. The project opened a vast field for the gratification of the political ambition of the persons who were engaged in it. Of course the principal agents in carrying the scheme into effect would be Governors, and Senators and Representatives in Congress from the new State which they would thus add to the American Union. They foresaw that their pretended grant would be ignored by the Imperial Government, and that the intervention of the United States in their behalf would lead to war between that country on one side and Mexico and France on the other. This was just what they desired, because they fully believed that war would result in the expulsion of Maximilian and the conquest of Mexico by the American arms.

The views of Mr. Cushing were subsequently embodied in a circular signed by Mr. Wilkes, as secretary of the association, and this circular was dispatched to sympathizers in all parts of the country with the object of enlisting capital in the contemplated movement. So secret, however, were these movements kept, that they have never been even hinted at by the American press, and it was only after a persevering effort that Mr. Arroyo was able to arrive at a knowledge of them. I may further state that Mr. Wilkes, armed with Mr. Cushing's legal opinion, went to Washington in April or May last, with the object of getting the Administration committed to this plan. He had several interviews with Mr. Stanton, and met with great encouragement from that gentleman. Mr. Wilkes was, and I suppose is an intimate friend of Mr. Stanton, and has great influence with him.

"All these facts have, as I have said, come to the knowledge of this Government through the indefatigable efforts of Mr. Arrozo, the imperial agent in New York. They naturally excite much uneasiness, as the bold character of Mr Stanton and his weight with Mr. Lincoln's Administration were so well known. More recent advices, however, lead to the belief that President Johnson does not yield to the domineering influence which surrounded and controlled his predecessor. Nevertheless, as his policy has not been yet openly declared, the Emperor does not feel quite safe from danger.

"It is whispered here, and generally believed, that Mr. Seward has given some sort of unofficial but satisfactory assurances to the Imperial authorities on the Rio Grande; giving them to understand that the recognition of the Empire by the United States is deferred only until such time as it may be evident that the Mexican people acquiesce in the new order of things. This time cannot be far distant. The military strength of the Juarista party is effectively broken. The fugitives from their armies, reinforced by the bands of professional plunderers, whose vocation is so seriously embarrassed by the Imperial authorities, still maintain a quasi resistance, and a phantom organization in some parts of the country; but the contest is no longer what can be called a war. Sometimes a party of marauders enters a little village or a town, surprises the garrison, and escapes to the mountains, and an event of this kind is immediately heralded to the United States as a demonstration of the failure of the Imperial cause.

"There are half a dozen correspondents in this country, some of them in the capital, and one at Puebla, writing for the New York *Herald*, who do nothing but manufacture sensation reports, either entirely destitute of foundation, or based on some insignificant event. In a few days, no doubt, you will hear that the Juarists are in possession of the Valley of Mexico; that the European troops are driven into the city and virtually besieged, and that Maximilian is on the point of flight from the country. I know that such rumors have been circulated, and are again to be put in circulation in a few days. They are entirely false. They are intended exclusively for export and foreign consumption. The fact is that the country in the central regions is entirely pacified, except in some points about Cuernavaca, and in the neighborhood of Orizaba and Jalapa and on the borders of the *tierra caliente*. The mountain fastnesses in those regions still afford refuge to some remnants of the Juarista guerrilla bands."

PERSONAL.

—Rodgers, the sculptor, is at work on a new miniature group, representing the taking of the oath of allegiance before drawing rations. There are four figures—a United States officer, who holds in his right hand the Bible, upon which the oath is about to be administered, and with his left lifts his cap from his head; a rebel woman, who is about to take the oath; a lad, her son, who timidly clings to her skirts, and a negro boy, who leans over the basket he has brought to receive the rations. Of course the subject is handled skillfully.

—Mr. Bentley, of London, will shortly publish some curious revelations of Eastern life by Emmeline Lott, under the title of "Harem Life in Egypt and Constantinople." The lady has enjoyed peculiar opportunities of gaining information on the subject while holding the post of governess to the children of His Highness, the Grand Pasha Ibrahim of Egypt.

—We learn from the *Nation* that the Narragansett Club of Providence, Rhode Island, are preparing to issue in fac simile reprints of the various writings of Roger Williams. They consist of seven different publications.

—Dr. Massie has returned to England. He has been for some months journeying in different parts of this country, and recently made the circuit of the South, going down the Mississippi valley, thence across to Savannah, and back by Wilmington and Richmond. He has thus seen with his own eyes the condition of things in the Southern States, and will be able to give valuable information to his countrymen. Dr. Massie has been a firm friend of the North through all the years of the war.

—We extract the following from the London *Patriot* of October 19th:

"The Rev. Dr. Storrs, the eloquent minister from Cincinnati, will preach next Sunday at the Rev. Mark Wilke's Chapel, Holloway. Collections will be made towards the funds of the Freedmen's Aid Society."

—The Dowager Queen Emma of the Sandwich Islands was invited to attend a grand banquet to be held in London, on Monday evening, October 23. The Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoress were to be present, with about one hundred invited guests, including the officers of the Church Missionary Society and the London Missionary Society. The paper from which we gather this information cautions the officers of the London Missionary Society (Independent) against going into the affair, without knowing what ends are to be answered by the meeting.

—Kit Carson is described as a man below the medium size, of compact, iron frame, and a face bronzed as an Indian. A writer says: "Kit was dressed in a Colonel's uniform, with rather broad shoulder straps, and his dark hair, sprinkled with gray, flowed down upon his shoulders *a la waterfall*. He wore a rather broad brim felt, and altogether presented the appearance of a sturdy little man, destitute of all pretension. Colonel Carson served as a Brigadier under General Crocker, in New Mexico."

—Ex-Governor Clark, of Mississippi, was lately invited to address the Legislature of that State. He replied: "I feel that it would be improper for me to deliver a public address on the condition of the country, although I am sure that such suggestions as I might make would be in aid and support of the wise and conservative policy which has been adopted by our people, and which I hope will soon result in the full restoration of our beloved State to the enjoyment of equal political rights with the sister States of the Union and under the flag of the Union. With all of you, I marched under that flag in a foreign land, and it was victorious; with all of you I marched against it, and it was victorious; it again waves over us, is our flag, and may it ever be victorious."

DIED:

SPAHR—On Sunday night, November 12th, at the residence of her son-in-law, Jacob Doolittle, Mansfield, Mrs. MARY ELIZABETH SPAHR, formerly of Carlisle, Pa., in the 79th year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her son, Lemuel Spahr, East Liberty, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, November 14th, at 2 o'clock.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA,
WISHART'S GREAT AMERICAN DYSPEPSIA PILL AND PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL.
WHAT IS DYSPEPSIA? A constant pain or uneasiness at the pit of the stomach, flatulency and acidity, costiveness and loss of appetite, gloom and depression of spirits, pains in all parts of the system, palpitation of the heart, cough, dizziness, dimness of vision, headache, and staggering in walking. For all the above symptoms this great remedy
IS A CERTAIN CURE.
Suffer no longer, Suffer no longer, but let all afflicted with this distressing disease give the above remedy a trial. The genuine article is sold by
no14 N. McCLARRAN & CO., Druggists, 85 Market street, near Fifth street.

FADING AWAY.
How often do we see men and women who are fairly fading out of existence. They seem to have no special disease, but general lassitude and languor; no ambition, no energy, indigestion, weakness, total inability to eat and relish food, &c., all of which is nothing but dyspepsia.
COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE
will surely cure every such case, no matter of how long standing. It is also a most excellent remedy for Cholera Morbus, Cramp or Colic in either stomach or bowels. We advise all suffering to try it. Sold at
FLEMING'S Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street.
Remember the place. no14-TW

WANTED.

Advertisements appearing under this head will be charged ten cents per line. *No advertisement will be inserted for less than forty cents.*

WANTED—SITUATION.

WANTED.—By a young man who has served in the Regular Army as Hospital Steward for three years, and who has just been honorably discharged, a situation in a Wholesale or Retail Drug Store. Best of reference given as to character and ability. Address DRUGGIST, Pittsburgh Postoffice. no14-2t

WANTED—A situation as Colliery Manager by a gentleman from England, who thoroughly understands surveying plans, and a most improved mode of ventilation in extensive Collieries, recommended by the Government Inspector in England; would not object to go in as Managing Partner. Fourteen years character; aged 44. Address JOS. BROOKSBANK, White Ash Postoffice, Allegheny county, Pa. no14-6t

WANTED—PARTNER.

WANTED.—A Partner, either active or silent, in a manufacturing establishment, doing a profitable business in this city. Capital required $5,000. Address A. B., Buchanan Postoffice, Pa. no14-1t

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED.—A good practical Tinner, who has a full set of Tools, and can bring good recommendations, wanted to take charge and do the work of a Shop in Pithole City. Apply by letter to DITHRIDGE, LEVAKE & CO., Pithole City, or in person at FORT PITT GLASS WORKS, Pittsburgh, Pa. no9

WANTED—TIMBER.

WANTED.—5,000 feet of seasoned curled Maple Plank, two inches thick, and twelve to sixteen feet long, suitable for gun stocks. Apply to JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street. no11-3t

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—A good house for a good tenant,—Allegheny preferred. Address "C," Commercial office. oc4-tf

WANTED—CANVASSERS.

WANTED—A Sure Fortune—The advertiser, a Chemist of twenty-five years' experience, both in Europe and America, wishing to retire from the profession, will send to any person valuable recipes, from the use of which any industrious young man or woman, with little or no capital, can make from the first day not only an excellent living, but in a very short time realize a moderate fortune. Address, with two stamps for return postage, S. P. CHESTERFIELD Chemist, Box 180, Philadelphia Postoffice. no6-2w

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—$10 to $50 a Day—Men to engage in a pleasant and paying business, to give us a call. Parties going South or West will do well to call on us before leaving the city. The capital required is $25 to $500, and pays from $10 to $50 a day. An examination of the business, the cost, the demand, the sales and profits, will set skepticism at defiance, and capitalists to thinking. Do you wish to do a large business on a small capital? here is a chance. The results are equal to those of a large capital in common business giving you a pleasant, paying and permanent business, suited to the times. TILDEN & CO., No. 60 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. se17-tf

WANTED—Great chance for agents—What the people want—the STANDARD HISTORY OF THE WAR, complete in one large volume of over 1,000 pages, splendidly illustrated with over 150 fine portraits of Generals, battle scenes, maps and diagrams. This work has no rival as a candid, lucid, complete, authentic and reliable history of the war. It contains reading matter equal to three large octavo volumes. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address JONES BROTHERS & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. oc24-d&w3m

WANTED—Now ready, Dr. Holland's "Life of Lincoln," Abbott's "History of the Civil War," and "Nasby Papers." Agents wanted. Terms liberal. EMERY & HOWES, 359 Liberty street Pittsburgh, Pa. no11-6t

WANTED—Agents to Canvass for two fine steel plate Engravings, (match pictures). Also, a new and very popular work, entitled "Sherman and his Campaign," by Col. S. M. Bowman. For particulars, apply to or address A. ELLIS, 67 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no10-4t

WANTED—To give away in order to get them introduced, four articles worth $45, of the greatest utility. This is the greatest gift ever offered to the public. Send your address and inclose twenty-five cents to cover expense of forwarding. A. GONDRET, box 2624, Cincinnati, Ohio. no10-6t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BARGE FOR SALE—
100 feet in length, 18 feet breadth and 4½ feet depth, now lying at foot of Taylor street, Allegheny river. Inquire of GUTHRIE, JONES & CO., No. 43 Market street. no14-tf

AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT, TREASURER and DIRECTORS of the Monongahela and Coal Hill Turnpike Company, will be held DECEMBER 9th, 1865, at the office of Robinson, Rea & Co., South Pittsburgh.
no14-3t J. N. REA, Treasurer.

TOBACCO AND CIGAR BUSINESS FOR SALE
The TOBACCO AND CIGAR STORE, at No. 414 Liberty street, opposite the new Passenger Depot, is offered for sale. A well selected stock and good trade. Will be sold at a reasonable price. Call immediately. no14-1w

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING made arrangements are now prepared to RE-SHIP PITTSBURGH GOODS through to Oleopolis, Henry's Bend, McCrea's Landing and Tionesta, without delay, any goods consigned to us will be reshipped to the above ports without additional charges, from the original bills of lading.
PARKER & CASTLE.
OIL CITY, November 10, 1865. no14-3m

RITCHIE OIL COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Ritchie Oil Company, will be held at the Bankers and Brokers' Board Room, Burke's Building, No. 59 Fourth street, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th of November, at two o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing seven Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may be brought before them. Transfer Books will be closed on 22d and reopened on the 30th of November. ROBERT D. THOMPSON, Secretary. no14-3t

TWO LARGE DWELLINGS FOR SALE—Situated at 1 and 3 Pennsylvania avenue. The houses are built in modern style, arranged with wide halls, parlors, dining room and kitchen, and six sleeping chambers; marble mantles, gas, hot and cold water throughout. Built on large sized lots; on one of the lots is erected a neat two story building, fronting a 20 foot alley. This property is worthy the attention of persons seeking a home or for a safe investment. Apply to [no14] B. McLAIN & CO.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—I am authorized to sell those two Lots, adjoining the residence of Judge Lowrie, on Irwin's avenue. Each lot has a front of 25 feet on the West Commons, and extending back 198 feet to a 20 foot alley.
no14 JOHN D. BAILEY, Wilkins Hall.

M'FARLAND & COLLINS, DIRECT IMPORTERS, Are receiving by next steamer from Liverpool, a choice lot of
ENGLISH CARPETS,
Suitable for Parlors, Dining Rooms, Offices, Churches, Halls, &c., selected expressly for Pittsburgh retail trade, and offered
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
3-4, 4-4 and 6-4 ENGLISH TAPESTRY, VELVET and BRUSSELS CARPETS, including many styles never before offered in this country.
71 and 73 Fifth Street.
Lyon's Building next to the U. S. Custom House. Salesroom, Second Story. no14

LIBERTY WHITE LEAD!
Liberty White Lead!
Liberty White Lead!
TRY IT TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!
Warranted to cover more surface, *for same weight* than any other. Buy *the best*, it is *the cheapest!*
Liberty Lead *is whiter* than any other.
Liberty Lead *covers better* than any other.
Liberty Lead *wears longer* than any other.
Liberty Lead *is more economical* than any other.
Liberty Lead *is more free from impurities* and is WARRANTED *to do more and better work, at a given cost* than any other.
Buy the BEST, it is the CHEAPEST.
Manufactured and warranted by
Ziegler & Smith, WHOLESALE DRUG, PAINT & GLASS DEALERS, 137 NORTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
Sold in Pittsburgh at
JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG AND PATENT MEDICIND DEPOT,
No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street. ju16:6mws

ESTABLISHED IN 1837,
The Old Standard Counterfeit Detector,
KENNEDY'S BANK AND COMMERCIA REVIEW,
Contains a list of the National banks organized since the passage of the National Banking Law, together with the old State Banks that have been converted into Nationals. These latter banks having a large amount of their notes in circulation, are designated by the insertion of the letter [N] in the title line. Also, a list of all solvent banks under the old State system; and a list of the broken, closing, closed and fraudulent banks. The description of counterfeits and every style of frauds on the issues of the banks of the country are more intelligible and comprehensive than any other counterfeit detector published in the country. Terms—$1 50 per annum, strictly in advance.
J. W. KENNEDY, Editor and Publisher.
JOHN D MALLARY, General Agent. no6-3w-2taw&1tw

STEAM GUAGES, &c.
ASHCROFT'S Guages and Low Water Detectors, Shaw & Justice's Mercury, Steam and Blast Guage. Eastman's and other approved Guages.
Clark's Patent Damper for saving fuel and regulating power at any desired amount of steam.
Steam Guages tested, repaired and adjusted.
CHARLES MAGGI, Agent for the above, 113 Third st. my2-1y-M.W&F

VINEGAR.
The subscriber having enlarged his VINEGAR WORKS, at his new Warehouse, No. 167 and 169 SECOND STREET is now prepared promptly to fill orders.
A. BALLOU, Office 170 Second street, Between Smithfield and Grant streets. se29-3m

PEARL ASH.
50 casks for sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First street. no8

CHEESE.
500 bxs prime New York Goshen Cheese.
200 do Hamburg.
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First street. no8

WHEAT—Real Winter and Spring, in store and for sale by D. WALLACE, 357 Liberty street. oc17

BASE BALLS AND BATS—FOR sale by JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street.

NOTICES.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co., Will be held at their office, No. 112 South Front st., Philadelphia, November 30th, at 12 o'clock, M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may be brought before them. no10-2w CHAS. LENNIG, Treasurer.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, Pittsburgh, October 31, 1865.
AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS Of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office, No. 92 Water street, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of November next, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M. WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary. no1-td

OFFICE OF WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO., PITTSBURGH, October 23, 1865.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the stockholders of the Western Transportation Company, that a special meeting will be held at the office of said company on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of November, at 10 o'clock A. M. By order of T. P. JEWETT, President.
A. J. McDOWELL, Sec'y. oc24-td

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.
I have this day associated GEORGE S. FOSTER, M. D., with me in the practice of Homœopathy and Surgery.
Our friends and patrons will find us at all hours prepared to attend all calls, at No. 294 Penn street.
C. M. DAKE, M. D.
October 7, 1865.—oc9-3m

OAKLAND PARK, September 18, 1865.
NOTICE.
TO HORSEMEN, OR TO THOSE WHO WISH TO PURCHASE.
Good horses for saddle or harness always on hand, and of the very best blood, for sale. Call and see for yourselves.
se19-tf H. B. VANVOORHIS.

GREAT WESTERN OIL COMPANY OF OHIO.
Capital Stock $150,000.
Working Fund 25,000.
Par value of each Share 1.00.
Office, No. 129 Fourth street.
JOHN R. CONDREY, President.
JOHN CROFT, Secretary and Treasurer. oc19-1m

MERCANTILE BROKERS.

GEO. S. BRYAN ... JNO. A. CAUGHEY.
BRYAN & CAUGHEY, (Successors to Geo. S. Bryan & Co.,) Commission Merchants, For the sale of PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &C., No. 74 Water Street, PITTSBURGH, PA. jy7-1y

WM. A. McCLURG, MERCHANDISE BROKER And Commission Merchant in Teas, Coffees, Spices, &c.
AGENT FOR Philadelphia Central Spice Mills, New York Corn Exchange Paper Bags, Prof. Morris' Azumea Baking Powder, McCandless & Smith's Pure Malt Vinegar.
OFFICE, No. 63 WOOD STREET. au21-1y

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM, METAL BROKER, NO. 124 FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Josephine, Isabella, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite and Charcoal Foundry and Forge Pig Iron, Blooms, &c. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. jy22

JOHN MOORHEAD, COMMISSION MERCHANT FOR THE SALE OF Pig Iron and Blooms. NO. 74 WATER ST., PITTSBURGH.
Also, Agent for the Pottsville Rail Mill. Orders solicited for T rails, 22, 25, 28, 32, 40, 45, 50 and 56 pounds to the yard, and Street Rails, Philadelphia pattern, 46 pounds to the yard. je6

ROBERT F. WEDDELL, Commercial Broker, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets. Opposite the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, Pa. my29-1y

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA Express and Exchange Company, SOLE FREIGHT AGENTS Pacific Mail Steamship Company.
OFFICES: 84 BROADWAY, N. Y. 39 and 40 COURT SQUARE, Boston. Pier 42 North River, (foot of Canal st.,) New York. 607 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.
STEAMERS SAIL
On the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, except when such dates fall on Sunday, when departure will be on Saturday preceding.
MAILS close at 11½ A. M., on days of sailing. Letters must be enclosed in the various denominations of government stamped envelopes, according to weight, these, with our frank attached, may be procured at any of our offices.
Freight and small packages received for California and the Pacific Coast.
California Coupons bought or collected.
Collections made and commissions executed in the Pacific States.
Exchange for sale on London, Dublin, Paris and San Francisco.
Letters of Credit on the Union Bank of London issued to travelers, exchangable for Circular Letters payable in all parts of Europe.
Persons going abroad will find this the most convenient as well as *the safest* way of providing themselves with funds.
Also, Letters of Credit on our San Francisco house, for which they will issue Circular Letters payable at any of our offices in California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, and British Columbia.
Telegraphic transfers of money made to San Francisco and all accessible points in the Pacific States.
California and Nevada Mining and other Stocks bought and sold on Commission by telegraph.
je21-6m WELLS, FARGO & CO. oc28

CAUTION.
THE LAND, LOTS AND APPURTENANCES, in Allegheny county, and heretofore owned and occupied by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as a Canal, having been conveyed by the State in fee simple to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, all persons are hereby CAUTIONED from purchasing or leasing the same, or any portion thereof, from any persons whatever other than the Pennsylvania Railroad Co., or their assigns. This CAUTION has been deemed proper in view of certain advertisements, by unauthorized parties, offering to sell, rent, or lease certain portions of said land and property.
HAMPTON & MORELAND, Solicitors for Owners. no1-1m

NAIL MACHINES.—WE ARE prepared to furnish NAIL MACHINES Of the Latest Improved Construction.
Our Patterns were purchased from the Fort Pitt Foundry and were made by that well known Practical Nailer, Mr. THOS. ERNEST, who superintends all the Machines constructed by us. We are prepared to furnish with dispatch. Samples of Machines generally on hand. Also,
CHILL AND SOFT ROLLS,
Which we warrant equal to the very best made in this city. Sheers, Squeezes, Punches and Rolling Mill Machinery of every description furnished of the very best materials and workmanship.
PENNOCK & TOTTEN, Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh, Pa. no10-3m

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
KNIT SHIRTS and DRAWERS, BALMORAL SKIRTS, NUBIAS, HOODS, COMFORTS, SHAWLS, GLOVES and HOSIERY,
In Full Stock.
R. H. PALMER, 84 Wood street. no1

NEW LARD.
100 tierces prime Lard, suitable for retailers. Also,
100,000 lbs. Bacon Shoulders,
50,000 " Sides, bright and dry, just out of smoke.
160 boxes Star Candles, 6's;
20 " Star Candles, 4's;
In store and for sale by F. SELLERS & CO., corner Wayne and Penn streets. no11

57 DRUMS CAUSTIC SODA.
75 CASKS SODA ASH.
25 CASKS SAL SODA.
At New York rates, freight added.
On hand and to arrive. For sale by J. SCHOONMAKER & SON, 63 Wood street. oc20-3m

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.
JOS. SPENCER ... JAS. M'KAY.
SPENCER & McKAY, Malsters & Brewers OF ALE, PORTER, AND BROWN STOUT, Pittsburgh, Pa.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-1y

BORING TOOLS AND HYDRAULIC JACKS.
I am selling the heavy boring tools complete, made of the best iron and steel, at $300 the set. I have also the celebrated Hydralic Jacks, (Blackwood's patent,) for raising vertically or horizontally 4, 7, 10 or 15 tons. Please examine them.
CHARLES MAGGI, Agent, 113 Third street. ju19-T.TAS

PRODUCE.—
50 bbls. Green Apples;
3 " Flaxseed;
2 " Eggs;
2,000 lbs. Buckwheat Flour. In store and for sale by J. S. DILWORTH & CO., Nos. 190 and 192 Second street. fe25

BARLEY. A choice article of Canadian Barley, for sale by D. WALLACE, 353 Liberty street. oc11

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN SEVENTH AND EIGHTH WARDS, PITTSBURGH.
5 20x72, adjoining Magiunis's House, corner of Miltenberger and Forbes streets.
1—20x120 feet, on Somers street, to a 20 foot alley, 234 feet 1½ inch from Webster street.
1—24x81½ feet, on Tannehill street, between Wylie and Webster streets, upper side.
1-20x100 feet, on Dinwiddie street, 420 feet from Colwell street, opposite Lippincott's shovel factory.
HUMBERT, LIGHTNER & CO, 105 Third street. no6-2w

BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN LOTS FOR SALE.—A portion of the estates of JOHN HERRON, Esq., deceased, adjoining Fort Herron, has been laid out in lots of various sizes, from one-fourth to one and a half acres each, with wide streets (40 feet) and is now ready for sale. This property is in one of the most eligible locations around the city. The air being pure, free from the smoke and soot arising from the vast consumption of coal in the city, renders the location naturally healthy, and having extended views of the river and surrounding country, makes the property more desirable. Being but 2 miles from the Court House, (via Wylie street) having a good road, it can be reached in a pleasant walk of twenty-five or thirty minutes, or a drive of fifteen minutes. There is also on the property a Passenger Car Station, making it convenient and pleasant to transact business in the city. Cars passing to and from the city throughout the day. Lots will be sold singly or in numbers. The plan of lots and prices can be seen at the office of
W. C. AUGHINBAUGH, Attorney, NO. 87 Diamond st., Pittsburgh. ju5-tf

FOR SALE—A Valuable Farm and Coal Property.
The subscriber offers for sale a valuable FARM situated in Rostraver township, Westmoreland county, about one mile from the town of Belle Vernon, containing 187 acres of first rate farming land, well timbered and in good order. The improvements consist of a comfortable dwelling house, a frame barn, a large frame stable, a fine spring house newly built, and other out-houses. There is on the farm a young orchard of choice fruit trees just beginning to bear. The coal underlying this farm is of the best quality and easy of access, and is considered very valuable. There is also on the place a quarry of flag stone. Altogether this property offers great inducements to purchasers. For terms, &c., apply to the undersigned, on the premises.
no3 6t-3taw S. F. JONES.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE IN FAYETTE COUNTY.—I will sell a very valuable Farm in Fayette county, situated about five miles from Uniontown, and five miles from the Monongahela river; containing two hundred and forty acres, well improved, abundance of coal, nine feet vein. One hundred acres of this farm is covered with the best quality of white oak timber, and the land is of the best quality for farming and grazing. Terms reasonable.
no10-10t ELI COPE, Uniontown.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—Lot 83 feet front by 320 feet deep, house containing two rooms and summer kitchen; cistern close to house; the lot well set with fruit; rope factory and tools all in complete order; stable and all out-buildings, on Eighteenth street and Salt river road, within fifteen minutes' walk of the city. For sale by Mrs. ELIZABETH E. COWEN, Louisville, Ky., widow of the late John J. Cowen. For particulars apply on the premises. no11-5t

VALUABLE COTTON LANDS FOR SALE.
200,000 acres of improved and unimproved Cotton Lands, situate in the Mississippi valley, for sale in portions to suit purchasers. Terms very liberal, the lands were selected previous to the war, with the view of sales to actual settlers. Title indisputable. For further information respecting quality, location improvements, &c., &c. Apply to J. H. CASIDAY, No. 67 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no11 2m

OIL LANDS FOR SALE.
Several valuable tracts of OIL TERRITORY, bordering on the Kanawha river, West Virginia, are offered for sale by the undersigned. For information, deeds, plans, &c., apply to me at No. 60 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
WM. M. MOFFETT, Attorney at Law. au4-tf

FOR SALE—5 Lots on Pennsylvania Avenue.
Inquire at FORT PITT GLASS WORKS, Washington street. no11-tf

500 ACRES OF COAL FOR SALE. ON THE THIRD POOL, MONONGAHELA RIVER, With about One Hundred Acres of surface.
JAMES O'HARA, 27 Irwin Street. jun6-tf

FOR SALE—DWELLING HOUSE.
The brick dwelling, No. 206 Wylie street.
WM. H. M. PUSEY, N. H. PUSEY, Executors of the estate of N. Pusey, dec'd.
Also, FOR SALE, a brick house and three acres of ground with fine orchard, on Francis street.
For terms, apply to WILLIS BOOTHE, No. 153 Liberty street. oc20-tf

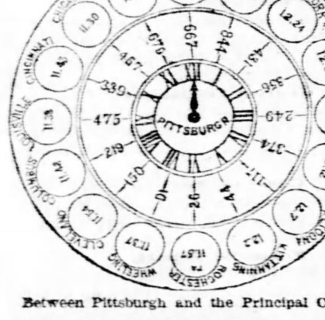
FOR SALE—A LARGE LOT OF GROUND, In an eligible situation, on Pennsylvania avenue. Terms easy. Inquire of JAMES S. STRICKLER, Office, corner Wylie and Fifth streets, above Coyle's Shoe Store. oc19

3000 ACRES VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.—A home for everybody—a farm whereon a man can make an independent fortune, for a few hundred dollars, within the reach of everybody. Rich soil, plenty of coal and lumber, near a good market. Oil developements near the lands are progressing with good success.
For information, plans, &c., address or inquire of WM. H. BRILL, 77 Federal street, Allegheny city, Pa. oc6

FOR SALE AT REDUCED PRICES,
7 by 20 inches OIL ENGINES, full 12 horse power, with boilers 14 feet long 32 inches diameter by M. DARRAGH & CO., Engine builders and oil tool manufacturers, at Fallston, Beaver County, Pennsylvania. my31

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

Time and Distance Indicator,
[Copyright secured.]



Between Pittsburgh and the Principal Cities.

DUNSEATH & CO., JEWELERS, AGENTS For all the different grades of AMERICAN WATCHES.
Particular attention paid to the getting up of Gold Cases, with enameled designs.
56 Fifth street, Opposite Masonic Hall.

WHOLESALE AMERICAN AND SWISS WATCHES, Jewelry and Clocks, SCOTT & HENNEGEN.
A full and complete stock of Watch-makers' Tools and Materials, WATCH GLASSES, NOTIONS, &c.
EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE
SCOTT & HENNEGEN, 31 Fifth street, second floor, PITTSBURGH. oc25-1m

1865. FALL. 1865.
I. E. WALRAVEN. MASONIC HALL, 719 Chesnut street, Philadelphia, HAS NOW OPEN HIS FALL IMPORTATION OF Curtain Materials,
The most elegant assortment ever offered in Philadelphia, and selected by him personally in the best European markets, consisting in part of
FRENCH BROCATELLES, SATIN DAMASK, SILK TERRY, PLAIN SATIN, SMYRNA CLOTH, COTELINE.
PLAIN WOOL REP, STRIPED FRENCH TERRY, SATIN DE LAINE, WOOL DAMASK, PEKIN CLOTH, PLAIN TERRY.
LACE CURTAINS, NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS, MUSLIN CURTAINS, PIANO COVERS, TABLE COVERS, WINDOW SHADES
MANTLE and PIER GLASSES, with Attached Cornices, all styles, at
WALRAVEN'S, 719 Chesnut street.
Philadelphia, October 9, 1865. oc12-1m

GROCERIES—
250 bbls Refined Sugar.
50 hhds prime and choice Porto Rico Sugar.
50 hhds common and good Cuba Sugar.
100 puncheons English Island Molasses.
75 barrels choice do do
100 do Porto Rico Molasses.
50 bags choice Rio Coffee.
160 bags prime Rio Coffee.
100 bags common and good Rio Coffee.
800 boxes Rosin Soap.
350 boxes Babbet's, Oakley's and Swyer's Soap.
300,000 fine Havana Segars, various brands.
250,000 Domestic Segars.
150 half chests Y. H. Tea.
100 do Ooling Teas.
25 do G. P. and Imperial.
For sale by MILLER & RICKETSON, corner Liberty and Irwin streets. no6

PITTSBURGH CITY LAUNDRY.
Hotels, Steamboats, Boarding Houses and private families or individuals, wanting their
LAUNDRY WORK
executed with perfect neatness, certainty and dispatch, will please leave their orders at the following places, and the Laundry Express will call for and deliver the goods: James Howard's Paper Warehouse, Liberty street; Pennock, Ball & Co.'s office, 31 Market street; Abel's Drug Store, corner of Fifth and Grant streets; Stevens's Drug Store, Wylie street, Sixth ward; S. M. Gardner's Drug Store, Penn street, Ninth ward; Gardner's Drug Store, Lawrenceville; Kelly's Drug Store, corner of Leacock and Federal streets, Allegheny city; Kelly's Drug Store, Diamond, Allegheny city; Dr. Brown's Drug Store, corner of Federal and North Common, Allegheny, and at the Laundry, in Manchester.
All orders promptly attended to. Prices moderate.
no7-3m G. M. JOHNSON & CO.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One Woodworth PLANING MACHINE, a heavy and well built machine.
One second-hand Engine, in good order, cylinder 12 inch bore, 4 feet stroke, with heavy fly wheel.
50,000 feet dry Pine Boards.
One Palmer Pump. Apply at MORTON STREET MANUF. CO.'S WORKS, Ninth Ward. no10

HORSES FOR SALE.
Just received from Ohio six excellent horses, four horses suitable for draught, two extra family horses, rack under saddle and trot in harness.
These horses are perfectly sound and safe to drive or ride, at KEYSTONE LIVERY STABLES, 136 Fourth street, and 147 Third street.
no10-3t HOWARD & AIKEN.

FOR SALE. AN ENGINE,
With boiler, fly wheel and everything in complete running order. Engine twelve inch cylinder, four feet stroke, boiler 22 feet, 40 inches diameter; two flues, fly wheel 15 feet. Apply at No. 107 FOURTH STREET. je6-tf

FOR SALE.
1 Oil Still, capacity 15 barrels.
3 Boilers, 32 in. 14 ft.
5 Boilers, 32 in. 16 ft.
D. F. AGNEW & CO., Boiler Works, corner Carson and Butler streets, Ninth Ward. oc24

FOR SALE—A large, portable Engine and Boiler, Complete cannot be surpassed for economy in fuel, as a very desirable apparatus for hoisting and lowering tools, for pumping and drilling deep Oil Wells, especially adapted. For particulars address THOS. FEWKES, Portersville, Butler Co., Pa. no6-2w eod

FOR SALE. COAL BARGES,
Now loaded, lying in Pool No. 2. Inquire at BREWER, BURKE & CO.'S, corner Hancock st. and Duquesne Way. no4-tf

FINE LUBRICATING OIL.
50 BBLS. LUBRICATING OIL,
A very fine quality, equal to the Smith Ferry oil, and a superior article for machinery, for sale by
LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Nos. 112 and 114 Second street.
October 21, 1865. oc21-tf

20,000 POUNDS NEW DRIED PEACHES.
ALSO, 200 DOZEN CANNED PEACHES.
In store and for sale by COOK BROTHERS & CO., No. 12 Smithfield street. oc27

PUBLIC SALE —OF— UNCLAIMED FREIGHT.
The PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY will sell at Public Auction, DECEMBER 1st, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the WAREHOUSE OF WHITE BROS. & CO., No. 6 Seventh street, the following Unclaimed Freight—unless previously removed by owners:
List of Goods in Store of White Bros & Co.
H Henk, Pittsburgh, two bbls varnish.
No mark, two iron oil sols.
Do one oil cask.
Davidson, Frazier & Co., Pittsburgh, thirteen bbl cement.
J. W. Spear, Pittsburgh, one bag wool bags.
H. L. Harris, Pittsburgh, three boxes glassware.
Gemel & Totley, Pittsburgh, one box glassware.
F. Ashelman, Manchester, one box merchandise.
E. D. Fronheim, Pittsburgh, three boxes soap.
I. J. Stratten, Pittsburgh, two boxes b. powders.
J. S. Lash, Pittsburgh, one horse hay rake.
N. R. Steel, Pittsburgh, one box butter.
H. Dunning, Pittsburgh, one anvil.
Shaub & Brown, Allegheny, Pa., twelve wind mill
A. Freeman, Pittsburgh, one bdl trees.
Mccormick & Co., Pittsburgh, one reaper.
M. Sharp, Walnut Bend Oil Co., Pittsburgh, two bxs machinery, two iron wheels, one smoke stack, one steam boiler.
R. R. Bulger, Pittsburgh, one bbl varnish.
Lutz & Walz, Pittsburgh, one beer keg.
C. Eberhart, Pittsburgh, two beer kegs.
No mark, lot of glass sand stone.
Do two iron bars.
J. D. Hamilton, Pittsburgh, one barrel.
Jas. McKay, Pittsburgh, one bbl vinegar.
M. Thicken, Pittsburgh, four bbls beans, one half bbl beans.
Evelen & Sanders, Pittsburgh, two half bbls varnish.
T. Lankin, Pittsburgh, one quire paper, two nests keelers and tubs, one bale twine, two boxes c. pens.
W. Boust & Co., Lawrenceville, Pa., one roll leather.
Fackiner & Irwin, Pittsburgh, six cane seat chairs, one rocker chair.
J. Bolton, Pittsburgh, one half bbl wine.
C. A. CARPENTER, Freight Agent.
Pittsburgh, October 20, 1865. oc21-1m

PUBLIC SALE OF UNCLAIMED FREIGHTS.
The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell at Public Auction, December 2d, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the warehouse of MEEK & ARMSTRONG, First street, near Market, the following articles, unless previously claimed.
No mark, a lot of crude and refined oil barrels.
G. B. & Co., 1 bbl sugar.
No mark, one box.
John McPherson, one small box.
John Swetser, Harmer, O., one small box.
Wenzell & W., La Crosse, Wis., one keg paint.
No mark, one bbl sugar.
Do one rocking horse.
Do one wooden mall.
Do one keg molasses.
Do one stand.
Do one reaper, one knife.
Do one piece pipe (copper.)
Do three pcs wooden mch'y.
Do one bbl iron rods.
Do one sack wool.
J. B. Taylor, Freeport, 1 roll leather.
J. & W. Rhea, Pittsburgh, 1 piece wardrobe.
No mark, one wash boiler, iron.
May & Co., one bake pan.
Geo. E. Smith, Indiana Station, one bdl slats.
No mark, one piece casting.
Do two washboards.
Do one wooden chest.
Do one churn.
Do one piece stove.
Do two bdls empty sacks.
Do two bbl bows.
Do nine bdls pick handles.
Do one fan mill.
Do two iron bbls C. soda.
Hunter & Miller, two bdls scythe snaths.
H. Kincer, Cambridge, one bag timothy seed.
Clearfield Co., 1 box roofing paper.
Henry Ciering, Warner, Ind., one box.
D. C. Kneeland, 1 bdl straw boards.
No mark, one piece casting, one grate.
Do one bdl casting, (four pcs).
Do one lot file, (some broken).
Do one bdl H. G.
De Moss, Barney & Co., Roscoe, Ohio, one W. mill.
oc21-1m C. A. CARPENTER, Freight Agent.

DIVIDENDS.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, November 7th, 1865.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of TEN PER CENT. from the earnings of the last six months, payable forthwith.
The United States revenue tax will be paid by the Bank. H. M. MURRAY, Cashier. no8-2w-d&w

THIRD NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, November 10, 1865.
DIVIDEND. The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT., free of Government tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after MONDAY, 13th inst. no10-1w JOHN B. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, Nov. 6, 1865.
THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of EIGHT PER CENT., free of Government tax, out of the profits of the last SIX MONTHS, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 13th inst. no7-2w J. E. BRADY, Jr., Cashier.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, Nov 4, 1865.
DIVIDEND. A dividend of SIX PER CENT. free from Government tax, has this day been declared out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after the 10th inst. no6-2w G. A. ENDLY, Cashier.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pittsburgh, November 1st, 1865.
THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., free of Government tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 13th inst. no3-2w C. H. RIGGS, Cashier.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, Nov. 7, 1865.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS upon each share of the capital stock, out of the earned profits of the last six months, free of Government and State taxes, payable to stockholders, on and after the 14th inst. no8-1w WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIPS.

CO-PARTNERSHIP. We have associated with us GEORGE P. McBRIDE, the Co-partnership dating from August 8th, 1865. NIMICK & CO.
ALEX. NIMICK ... WM. K. NIMICK. JAMES FRAZIER ... GEO. P. McBRIDE.
NIMICK & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FOR THE SALE OF PIG IRON AND BLOOMS, 95 WATER and 123 FRONT STS., PITTSBURGH. nov2-1m

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The public are hereby informed that HUNTER RICHEY has been admitted a member in our firm, the name of which continues the same as heretofore. The business, with increased facilities, will be continued at our new Saw-Mill, corner of Corry street and Allegheny river, Allegheny, Pa. RICHEY & FINKBINE.
DAVID RICHEY, AMOS FINKBINE, HUNTER RICHEY. no8-1m

LAMPS—LAMPS. We invite especial attention to our superb stock of Chandeliers, Hall and Bracket Lamps, As well as to the largest assortment of portable lamps for burning carbon oil. Our stock is unsurpassed, and should meet with at least an examination. Shades, Globes and Lamp Trimmings will be found in endless profusion.
W. N. OGDEN & CO., 61 Market street. oc27

LUMBER. Bids will be received by the undersigned at the Custom House for the sale of the FRAME BUILDINGS erected by the United States Government on the Western Pennsylvania Hospital Grounds. Buildings to be removed at purchasers expense. Terms cash.
C. W. BATCHELOR, O. PHILLIPS, Committee of Sanitary Commission. no11-6t

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, AND APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS, Manufactured and repaired on the shortest notice. Also, the largest assortment of ready-made Trusses, Supporters, Bandages, Dental and Surgical Instruments, Cutlery, &c., in this city. OTTO HELMOLD, 96 Smithfield street, near Fifth. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Helmold. se1-ly

SCHAEFFER & BUDENBERG'S APPARATUSES. Works at Buckau-Magdeburg, Manchester and New York. Patent steam-pressure, hydraulic, blast and vacuum gauges. Improved engine counters, (registers,) indicators and dynamometers. Patent steam traps, self-acting, saving steam and repairs by relieving the pipe ton of back pressure. Patent steam-traps, saving steam in heating and drying arrangements. Patent automatic oil feeders. Patent watchman's time detectors. Patent low water detectors for steam boilers. Patent locomotive smoke-stack and spark arrester, Spring balances for locomotives. Hydraulic pumps for testing boilers, pipes, and for the service of Hydraulic presses. Air pumps, with patent gauges for testing gauges. Levels for machinists, water gauges, steam engines, and boiler fittings in general.
IGN. HAHN, Sole Agent, Civil, Mining and Mechanical Engineer, 75 Grant street.
All articles warranted. Gauges tested and repaired. oc30 6mo-eod

CORN. Prime old shelled Corn arriving and for sale by D. WALLACE, 353 Liberty street. oc17

The Daily Commercial

GOING TO SLEEP.

I.

The light is fading down the sky,
The shadows grow and multiply,
I hear the thrushes' evening song;
But I have borne with toil and wrong
So long, so long!
Dim dreams my drowsy senses drown,—
So darling, kiss my eyelids down!

II.

My life's brief spring went wasted by,—
My summer ended fruitlessly;
I learned to hunger, strive and wait,—
I found you, love,—oh, happy fate!—
So late, so late!
Now all my fields are turning brown,—
So, darling, kiss my eyelids down!

III.

Oh, blessed sleep! oh, perfect rest!
Thus pillowed on your faithful breast,
Nor life nor death is wholly drear,
O tender heart, since you are here,
So dear, so dear!
Sweet love, my soul's sufficient crown!
Now, darling, kiss my eyelids down!

LITTLE WRONGS.

Since trifles make the sum of human things,
And half our misery from our foibles springs;
Since life's best joys consist in peace and ease,
And few can save or serve, but all can please;
Oh, let the ungentle spirit learn from hence,
A small unkindness is a great offense.

H. More.

Peter Force's Library.

A movement is on foot in New York, under the auspices of the New York Historical Society, for securing to this city the library and historical collections belonging to Peter Force, of Washington. To any one familiar with researches in the history of America it is unnecessary to explain who Mr. Force is or what he has done. His title to the gratitude of his countrymen is the conception and execution of the great collection, published by the authority of Congress, "American Archives—consisting of authentic records, state papers, debates and letters, and other notices of public affairs, the whole forming a documentary history of the origin and process of the North American colonies, of the causes and accomplishment of the American Revolution, and of the Constitution of government for the United States to the final ratification thereof"—in fifteen volumes folio. To those unacquainted with the work, it may suffice to say that it will rank in future ages among the national literary monuments, such as Italy, France and Germany owe to the learned labors of Muratori, Dom Bouquet, and Dr. Pertz—such as England has in vain spent millions to procure (through the various record commissioners, etc.) without yet finding the man competent to its achievement. In Mr. Force the historical sense was developed at an early period in the nation's life, almost before even educated minds could understand his objects. He first was struck with the importance of the *disjecta membra* of history then perishing around for lack of any attempts to preserve them, and set himself the task of collecting such a body of authentic historical materials—favored in some sense by the neglect of the time—as no care, trouble, or expense could now procure. It is difficult to give even an idea of Mr. Force's vast library. The choicest articles of bibliomaniacal pursuit, the early tracts, travels, and narratives connected with the discovery and settlement of America, "now cheaply purchased for their weight in gold," are abundantly represented in the collection; but, in addition, it contains what is never found on the shelves of the *dilettante* book buyer, the solid material from which history is evolved—laws, reports, surveys, maps, legislative documents, periodical literature, and newspapers (the largest collection in the country), etc., etc., the fitting furniture for a public library, where the inquirer might dig and dig without fear of exhausting the rich historical *placer*. Some idea of the money value of such a library may be formed from the fact that one hundred thousand dollars in gold has been offered for it as a money making speculation. It is a library that if once destroyed, could never be replaced; if once dispersed, could never be reassembled together; and its preservation in its integrity by the means now offered should be assured by the co-operation of all who understand the importance of historic truth in its relations both to the past and the future.

The Late English Premier.

Alexander Dumas sends a bit of gossip to *Le Journal Illustre*, which one is at a loss to tell how much is truth and how much is fiction. It does not sound like the quick-witted Palmerston: Some months before my departure for Spain, I was, along with Victor Hugo, at a grand evening reception given by the Duc Decazes, at Luxembourg. Lord Palmerston came to this reception. The duke presented to him the political personages who swarmed in his saloon But, as we were only poets and romance writers the presentation of Victor Hugo and myself was forgotten. We consoled ourselves by chatting away a portion of the evening in a corner of the saloon which was rather retired. I do no know at what hour our chat commenced; I do know that at a quarter past eleven it still continued. It appeared that Lord Palmerston had inquired who were the two misanthropic beings that thus chatted together; they had told him our names, and those names had excited his curiosity. But you know his politico-aristocratic dignity did not permit him to ask that we should be presented to him; and, on the other hand, not being presented, the English etiquette positively forbade him to address a word to us. This is what occurred, and here comes the recital of the eccentricities which led you to expect. Our two armchairs were touching each other. The Duc de G—— came to me and said: "I do not know what is Lord Palmerston's object, but he wishes that for a moment that you should sit upon the armchair which is to your right, and thus leave vacant the one upon which you are at present sitting." I was satisfied to salute Lord Palmerston from my place and do as he desired. Lord Palmerston then arose and took Lady Palmerston by the hand, and led her with marked solemnity to the vacant chair, and pointed with his finger to the clock. "My lady," said he, "have the kindness to tell me the hour." "It is a quarter past eleven, my lord." "Well, my lady," replied his lordship, "always remember that at a quarter past eleven on the evening of this day you have had the honor of being seated between Messrs. Victor Hugo and Alexander Dumas, two of the first literary characters of France—an honor which, during your life, you shall never have again. Come, my lady." My lady arose, and, with the same solemnity as they came, he reconducted her to her place, without addressing to either of us a single word.

The Oldest City in the World.

Damascus is the oldest city in the world; Tyre and Sidon have crumbled on the shore; Baalbec is a ruin; Palmyra lies buried in the sands of the desert; Nineveh and Babylon have disappeared from the shores of the Tigris and Euphrates. Damascus remains what it was before the days of Abraham—a centre of trade and travel, an island of verdure in a desert, "a predestinated capital," with martial and sacred associations extending beyond thirty centuries. It was near Damascus that Saul of Tarsus saw the "light from heaven, above the brightness of the sun," the street which is called Strait, in which it is said he "prayeth," still runs through the city; the caravan comes and goes as it did a thousand years ago; there is still the sheik, the ass and the waterwheel; the merchants of the Euphrates and the Mediterranean still occupy these "with the multitude of their waiters." The city which Mahomet surveyed from a neighboring hight, and was afraid to enter, "because it is given to man to have but one paradise, and, for his part, he was resolved not to have it in this world," is to this day what Julian called the "Eye of the East," as it was in the time of Isaiah "the Head of Syria."

From Damascus came the damson, our blue plums, and the delicious apricot of Portugal called damasco; damask, our beautiful fabric of cotton and silk, with vines and flowers raised upon a smooth, bright ground; damask rose introduced into England in the time of Henry VIII.; the Damascus blade, so famous the world over for its keen edge and remarkable elasticity, the secret of the manufacture of which was lost when Tamerlane carried off the artists into Persia; and that beautiful art of inlaying wood and steel with silver and gold—a kind of mosaic engraving and sculpture united called damascening, with which boxes and bureaus, and swords and guns, are ornamented.

It is still a city of flowers and bright waters; the streams from Lebanon, the "rivers of Damascus," the "river of gold," still murmur and sparkle in the wilderness of "*Lyriah gardens.*"

Coining Money.

We are going on with our coinage all the while just the same as though we had need of specie for our daily transactions in currency. It would seem to be a useless piece of work to keep coining money if we have no use for it; but it is well to have a good supply on hand against the time when it will be called for. The Philadelphia Mint coined in the month of October nearly four hundred thousand dollars, of which two hundred and sixty-six thousand were gold, thirty-nine thousand silver, and sixty-two thousand copper or nickle.

COAL CUTTING BY MACHINERY.—At the meeting of the British Association for 1865, Mr. Thomas Levick read a paper on machinery for compressing air, and the application of it to coal-cutting and other underground work. The air is conveyed to the machinery underground in four-inch cast-iron pipes, along the main headings, and thence in 1¼ inch gas piping by india rubber hose. The engine moves a pick which cuts the coal. The pick may be worked at any angle, and on the upper, middle, lower or any other part of the coal bed, by shifting it on the axis where it is keyed. A hand-wheel moves the machine forward by bevel wheels acting on the machine wheels. A self-acting valve obviates many difficulties, and the steadying arrangement counteracts vibration caused by the blows. The machine has been applied to coal and Bath stone. It prevents the exposure of ..., and will perform a man's day's work in an hour.

THE POWER OF HABIT.—A class of men live here who have always worked under ground. To crawl about mine shafts and dig in the rock has become a second nature. They hold in contempt all who work on the earth's surface, and rather than do such outlandish labor they prefer to be pinched with want. A company of them having been thrown out of work in the upper district, applied for employment in an iron mine near Marquette. The contract was nearly made, when one of them asked how far beneath the surface they would have to dig. On being told that they must work on the surface, they stood a moment in silence, when one of them said: "Come on, boys, let us be off;" and in contempt they turned their backs on the contract and contractor, preferring idleness and destitution to toil which, in their estimation, is ignoble. A son of Erin, however, gave me his reason for preferring under-ground labor: "The mine shades us from the cowld of winthur and the hate of soomer."

GARIBALDI'S NECESSITY.—Garibaldi was pressed for money some weeks ago, and offered for sale, at Genoa, an Arab horse and colt, for ... thousand francs. The minister, Merotti, heard of the proposed sale, and wrote to delay it, saying that a better price could be got. In due time a purchaser appeared who gave five thousand francs for the horses, and a few days after came an order to send them to the King's stables at Turin. The Italian Government had taken this indirect method of succoring the necessity of the hero who refuses all reward for the services rendered his country—even a seat in Parliament, which has been tendered to him.

GIRARDIN'S "TWO SISTERS."—Paris gossips get off a rich joke on the distinguished Frenchman, M. Emile de Girardin, who recently gave a dinner in Paris to Abd-el-Kader, and during the conversation said, "I shall be happy to present you with my 'Two Sisters,'" meaning his new play. In translating, the explanation that it was M. Girardin's play was left out, and the Emir politely replied that "he would be very happy to accept the ladies, although his harem was quite full."

ORIGIN OF PLAYS.—Plays—so history tells us—were first enacted in the church, and met with no opposition until Pope Innocent III. issued a bull forbidding their enactments in such a place. This is enough to show that the origin of the drama is honorable, however misguided we may deem the priests who first introduced ...

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER..........WM. HENDERSON.

2nd night of the engagement of the celebrated comedian, YANKEE LOCKE, who will appear in his great character of Sample Switchell, originally written for and played by him upwards of three hundred nights to crowded houses with the most unbounded applause. THIS EVENING, will be presented the great moral temperance drama, in four acts dramatized expressly for Mr. Locke, by the late W. W. Pratt from T. S. Arthur's popular story of the same name, entitled
TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM.
Sample Switchell..........Yankee Locke.
Supported by the excellent stock company.
To conclude with the laughable farce of
COUSIN JOE.
Cousin Joe..........Harry Hotto

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.

HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives,
WILL LECTURE AT
LAFAYETTE HALL,
TUESDAY EVENING, November 14th.
SUBJECT:
"ACROSS THE CONTINENT."

Doors open at 7; Lecture at 7½ o'clock. Single tickets 50 cents; Reserved Seats 25 cents extra. Seats may be secured at the Library Rooms Monday November 13th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

THOS. BAKEWELL, JR., WM. B. EDWARDS,
R. C. ALBREE, CHAS. L. CALDWELL,
JAS. J. DONNELL, O. McCLINTOCK,
no10-4t Lecture Committee.

VOCAL CONCERT.

We, the undersigned, pupils of Mr. CLEMENT TETEDOUX, take pleasure in announcing to our friends and the musical community, that we shall give a VOCAL CONCERT at MASONIC HALL, on the 13th instant.

Soprani—Mrs. Emily Cram, Mrs. Annie Sheb, Miss Emeline Addison, Miss Libbie Schwartz, Miss Maggie McCandless, Miss Mary Laughlin.
Mezzo Soprano—Miss Eliza Cowley.
Contralti—Miss Lelia Addison, Miss Sallie Ward.
Tenore—Mr. Paul Zimmerman.
Baritoni—Mr. Wm. Edwards, Mr. Henry Colton.
Admission 75 cents; secured seats, $1. Doors will open at 7½ o'clock, and Concert begin quarter to 8 o'clock. The sale of tickets will commence at 9 o'clock on Thursday morning, Nov. 9th, at C. C. MELLOR'S Music Store, 81 Wood street. no4-tf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

JOHN S. CLARK,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND FACTOR IN
PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS,
98 Water and 132 First streets,
PITTSBURGH.
51 Broad street, New York.
oc28

WM. M. MURRAY..........L. WILCOX
WM. M. MURRAY & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND DEALERS IN
Crude and Refined Petroleum,
BENZINE, &C.
Extra facilities for
Storing Oil and Empty Oil Barrels.
Warehouse and office: DUQUESNE WAY, near HAND street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap12-ly

MERCER ANTELO & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
for the sale of
COTTON, WOOL, HEMP, TOBACCO, &c.
Refer to John Harper, Esq., Cashier Bank of Pittsburgh. no9-3meod

T. C. JENKINS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND PURCHASING AGENT.
No. 239 Liberty street, opposite Wood,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Dealer in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Cheese, Butter, Fruits and all Farm Products.
Best brands Family Flour always on hand.
Also, REFINED OILS.
Prompt attention given to Consignments and Correspondence.
WEEKLY PRICE CURRENTS sent to consignors.
Orders and Consignments solicited. fe4

GEORGE COLHOUN..........WM. B. EDWARDS
COLHOUN & EDWARDS,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE BROKERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
DEALERS IN
SODA ASH, CAUSTIC, BI CARB. AND SAL SODA
ACIDS, CHEMICALS,
CRUDE AND REFINED OILS, SALT, &c.
Office, NO. 28 WOOD STREET,
jy15-6m under St. Charles Hotel.

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AGENTS FOR THE
Pacific, Globe and Liberty Oil Works
Ample storage for crude and Refined Oil.
Liberal cash advance made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum.
Yard for storage and shipment of Crude at Lawrenceville.
Office and Warehouse, Corner Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. se11

F. M. KERR..........J. A. EMBRY.
KERR & EMERY
297 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh,
General Commission Merchants, dealers in Country Produce. Also, purchasing agents. Correspondence promptly answered and consignments solicited.
no8-3m

COCHRAN & RUSSELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
and dealers in
Crude and Petroleum Oils and Naval Stores.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
se29 22 North Front street, Philadelphia.

DANIEL WALLACE,
Commission Merchant,
And Wholesale Dealer in
FLOUR AND GRAIN,
No. 353 Liberty street, (Patterson's New Block.) PITTSBURGH. Storeage Warehouse, corner Penn and Wayne street. oc24m

C. REITER..........J. A. GRAFF.
GRAFF & REITER,
Produce, Commission and Forwarding Merchants.
And Purchasing Agents for all Pittsburgh Manufactures
Warehouse No. 215 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
REFER TO
J. S. DILWORTH & CO., Pittsburgh.
SHRIVER & LAZEAR, "
MILLER & RICKETSON, "
L. GRAFF & CO., Philadelphia.
ap3—aug25-6m

CARD.
RUSSELL & HALL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
69 Tchoupitoulas street,
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.
REFERENCES:
DOUGHERTY, WOOD & CO., Baltimore.
GEORGE A. WOOD, Philadelphia.
DOVALE & CO., New York.
F. NICKERSON & CO., BALDWIN, BOTUME & CO., WISE & RUSSELL, Boston.
R. W. POINDEXTER, Pittsburgh.
Liberal Advances made on Consignments.
oc28-3m

MADISON STRATTON..........THOS. G. POINTER,
HAMPTON J. CHENY..........B. P. ROY.
STRATTON, POINTER & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the sale and purchase of Cotton and Tobacco, Wheat, Flour, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Dried Fruit, Pig Iron, and Produce generally,
Nos. 9 and 10 Broad st., Nashville, Tenn.
Strict attention paid to receiving and forwarding, and liberal advances made on consignments.
REFERENCES:
Messrs. Lyon, Shorb & Co., James Dalzell & Sons, Jones & Laughlins, Zug & Co., Spang, Chalfant & Co., Painter & Sons, Shoenberger & Co., Singer, Nimick & Co., Nimick & Co., David Crawford, Esq., Of Pittsburgh; and the bankers, merchants and citizens generally, of Nashville. oc5-2m

100,000 DOMESTIC CIGARS.
100,000 CUBA SIXES.
In store and for sale by
ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
oc28 corner Smithfield and Water streets.

VALUABLE COAL PROPERTY FOR SALE.
On the Youghiogheny river, and Connellsville railroad, only twenty-eight miles from Pittsburgh, about 1000 acres will be sold together, or divided. One colliery in operation on the railroad, and one open on the river. This is one of the most valuable ever offered for sale in the vicinity of Pittsburgh. Inquire of
C. HASBROUCK, Attorney-at-Law,
oc11-eod-3m No. 154 Fourth st., Pittsburgh.

SKATES. SKATES. SKATES,
2,500 PAIR
Ladies, Gents and Children's
SKATES
IN EVERY VARIETY,
For sale low by
JAMES BOWN,
no3-1m No. 136 Wood street.

CATAWBA WINE.
In bottles, warranted pure juice of the Grape, just received on consignment and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
no7 221 and 223 Liberty street.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
Lessee and Manageress..........Miss ANNIE EBERLE.
Re-engagement for six nights only of the eminent young artist,
Mr. BARTON HILL,
who will appear as Caleb Plummer and O'Donahue. Miss Annie Eberle as Dot.
TUESDAY EVENING, November 13th, will be presented the beautiful romance from Chas. Dickens's work, with new and beautiful scenery and great mechanical effects, entitled
DOT; OR, THE CRICKET ON THE HEARTH.
Caleb Plummer..........Barton Hill.
To conclude with the purely patriotic and national Irish drama of the
FENIAN KING; OR, IRELAND'S RIGHTS.
O'Donahue..........Barton Hill

MASONIC HALL.
FIVE NIGHTS ONLY.
Commencing TUESDAY, Nov. 14th,
The famous
NEWCOMB & ARLINGTON'S MINSTRELS.
Headed by the two Greatest Comedians of the Century, the Pioneers of Minstrelsy. This mammoth organization comprises 22 first class artists, who will furnish an entire new repertoire of the minstrelsy not yet "pirated" by the migratory mushrooms of the profession. Doors open at 7; performance at 8. Admission 50 cts. Children under twelve, 25 cts. no10-3t

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKERY,
10 Diamond, over Lippincott's Grocery Store.
Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same. je28-ly

PETROLEUM.

SOMETHING NEW.
METAL HYDROMETERS,
That will not break or get out of order, for
Testing Carbon Oil.
Having succeeded, "by dint of close study and application," in producing a Hydrometer in metal for testing Carbon Oil, I respectfully offer it to the attention of Dealers and those engaged in Refining, as an article that will not break or get out of order; its adjustment being so simple that any one may readily understand it. To those constantly using this instrument it will be found a great boon, as an article that has long been inquired after, and which needs only to be seen to be appreciated.
For sale by the Manufacturer,
GEO. E. SHAW,
No. 58 Fifth street.
Every kind of HYDROMETER and THERMOMETER known, constantly on hand or made to order.
mh11

DUNKARD CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY.
Office, No. 115 Fourth Street.
This company was organized on the 29th inst., under the Pennsylvania Mining and Manufacturing Laws. The territory of the company adjoins the lands of the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company, of this city.

CAPITAL STOCK	$225,000
WORKING FUND	25,000
PAR VALUE OF EACH SHARE	1 00

OFFICERS.
President—S. A. JOHNSTON.
Secretary and Treasurer—ISAAC NOCK.
DIRECTORS.
S. A. JOHNSTON, L. S. RISDON,
FRANK SNYDER, JAMES GRAHAM,
F. D. GRIST, W. C. KING,
H. W. RITCHIE. je3-ly

TENANT FARM OIL COMPANY.
Office, No. 115 Fourth Street.
This Company was organized on the 28th inst., under the Pennsylvania Mining and Manufacturing Laws. The territory of the Company is situated on DUNKARD CREEK, between the lands of the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company and the Dunkard Creek Petroleum Company.

Capital Stock	$150,000
Working Fund	25,000
Par Value of each Share	$1 00

OFFICERS:
President..........S. A. JOHNSON.
Secretary and Treasurer..........ISAAC NOCK.
DIRECTORS.
Frank Snyder, James Graham,
J. G. Weir, Stephen Lawson,
H. W. Ritchie. au30-tf

COMMERCIAL OIL WORKS.
Pure White Burning Oil,
Constantly on hand, and for sale at the
LOWEST MARKET RATES,
BY
B. C. & J. H. SAWYER,
au3 47 WOOD STREET.

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers of
Lamps, Lamp Goods, Chandeliers, &c.
ALSO, DEALERS IN
CARBON OILS, BENZINE, &c.,
No. 164 Wood Street, near Sixth,
oc3 PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE ARDESCO OIL COMPANY
manufacture and have for sale a
Superior Quality of Refined Ardesco Oil (Non-explosive).
Also, PURE BENZOLE.
Warehouse, 27 Irwin street, Pittsburgh, Pa. se7

PENNOCK, BALL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Eureka Carbon Oil, Eureka Lubric Oil, and Wholesale Dealers in Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils,
se7 No. 31 Market street, Pittsburgh.

PURE MECCA OIL.
15 BBLS. LUBRICATING MECCA OIL.
Received and for sale by
GEO. B. JONES & CO.,
se2 141 Water street.

OIL WELL STEAM ENGINES.
I am prepared to furnish Steam Engines so much approved of for Oil Wells and other purposes, on the shortest notice, having different sized Engines on hand, and finishing others. The public can be accommodated with almost any size they want. The work to show for itself. WILLIAM FISHER, Fifth Ward, between Mechanic and Harrison streets, Pittsburgh. je20-6m

LITHOGRAPHERS.

LITHOGRAPHY.
The oldest and largest establishment in the West.
Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth street,
PITTSBURGH.
Among our facilities for elegant and expeditious work, we have all the latest improvements in Lithography, and while our work will compare favorably with steel engraving, the great difference in price is a strong inducement to give Lithography the preference.
au7 KREBS & BRO.

GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business cards, letter heads, bonds, labels, circulars, show cards, diplomas, portraits, views, certificates of deposit, invitation cards, &c., &c. Nos. 72 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh. se28-3m

J. B. DUFF & BRO.,
Practical Lithographers,
96 LIBERTY ST., COR. OF FERRY, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Show Cards, Labels, Views, Bonds, Checks, Notes, Drafts, Bill and Letter Heads, Certificates of Stock, Circulars, Maps, &c. se22-3m

PRINTING.

W. S. HAVEN,
PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTER,
PAPER DEALER AND STATIONER,
Corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh
BOOK BINDING of all styles, from the Plain Paper to the Highly Ornamental and Rich Gilt or Antique Style.

A. H. ENGLISH & CO.,
BOOK PUBLISHERS,
are prepared to do BOOK PRINTING, BOOK BINDING in all styles from the plainest to the most costly and make
BLANK BOOKS
to order, which they will warrant to give satisfaction in every respect. Orders may be left at their store, No. 79 Wood street, or at their Printing House and Book Bindery, No. 96 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. ne30

PAPER DEALERS.

THE PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY have on hand and are constantly receiving from their mills
Print, Manilla, Hardware, Roofing and Wrapping Papers,
Of all sizes the market requires, and can afford unusual facilities to customers. Cash paid for all kinds of paper stock.
Warehouse, 82 Third street. my1

WALL PAPER,
On satin and blank ground, in great variety at the lowest prices at No. 107 Market street.
no11 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

PANEL DECORATIONS,
For halls, vestibules and ceilings, in wood and fresco imitation, at No. 107 Market street.
no11 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

COAL, COKE AND LIME.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
N. J. BIGLEY
Is now prepared to furnish, from his Youghiogheny Mines, the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity with a superior article of well screened
Lump and Nut Coal.
YARD, FOOT OF TRY STREET,
NEAR CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD DEPOT.
Hotels, Rolling Mills, Glassworks, &c., supplied on liberal terms. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Wagons also supplied. se2-tf

COAL, COKE AND LIME,
FIRE-BRICK AND TILE.
The Pittsburgh and Connellsville Gas, Coal and Coke Company are receiving daily, from their Connellsville Works, Coal, Coke and Lime, which they are prepared to sell at lowest rates. Coal and Coke loaded in cars for Western shipment.
S. C. SCOTT, General Agent.
Office and Yard, Marion avenue, Allegheny City.
dec26

EGGS.—7 BBLS. FRESH EGGS,
for sale by
GEORGE B. JONES & CO.,
my23 141 Water street.

DISSOLUTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
That the Partnership between George W. Kiefer, C. L. Straub and Wm. Hummel was dissolved on the 1st day of November, 1865, by mutual consent. Geo. W. Kiefer and Wm. Hummel, who continue the business in the name of the firm of Kiefer & Hummel are duly authorized to settle the outstanding accounts of said firm.
GEO. W. KIEFER,
C. L. STRAUB,
WM. HUMMEL.
In retiring from the firm of Kiefer, Straub & Co., I cordially recommend my late partners to the patronage of our former friends and customers.
no7-2w C. L. STRAUB.

G. W. KIEFER..........WM. HUMMEL.
GENERAL GRANT TANNERY.
KIEFER & HUMMEL,
(Successors to Kiefer, Straub & Co.,)
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
Leather.
THE HIGHEST PRICE paid for HIDES CALF-SKINS, BEEF TALLOW and CHESTNUT OAK BARK.
Office, No. 58 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
ja28-ly

PIANOS.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.
THE CELEBRATED
BRADBURY, New York, and
SCHOMACKER & CO., Philad's
PIANOS.
THE AMERICAN ORGAN and Estey & Co. COTTAGE ORGAN admitted by dealers and all who have heard them to be superior in tone to all other instruments of the kind manufactured in the United States. Having made special arrangements with the best manufacturers in the country we are prepared to furnish, at the shortest notice, BRASS and GERMAN SILVER ROTARY INSTRUMENTS of every description for Brass and Cornet Bands, at reduced rates. Illustrated catalogue and price list furnished on application. New and second-hand Pianos for rent.
WAMELINK & BARR,
jy28 No. 12 St. Clair st.

PIANOS,
ORGANS,
MELODEONS.
Hoffman, Hœne & Co.,
53 FIFTH STREET,
Are the sole agents for Decker Brothers, New York, and Adolph Hintz's, New York, Pianos, and also for Taylor & Farley's Organs and Melodeons.
THESE INSTRUMENTS
ARE
IN EVERY RESPECT
THE
MOST PERFECT IN THE COUNTRY.
PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE.
se23

STATIONERY.

SALEM, OHIO.
Isaac Trescott,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
BOOKS, RAGS, WALL AND WINDOW PAPERS, WRITING PAPERS, STATIONERY, ETC.,
Orders promptly executed. Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily COMMERCIAL. my22-ly

CHARLES MAGARGE & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PAPER, RAGS, &c.,
No. 30, 32 and 34 South Sixth street, above Chesnut west side,
dec13-ly PHILADELPHIA, PA.

T SQUARES,
German silver and brass cases of
DRAWING INSTRUMENTS.
TRIANGLES, IRREGULAR CURVES,
Flat and triangular SCALES.
For sale by W. S. HAVEN,
no1 corner Wood and Third streets.

LETTER BALANCES,
BILL HEAD BOXES,
POSTOFFICE BOXES, and
CALENDARS. For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
oc30 corner Wood and Third streets.

POCKET KNIVES,
GOLD PENS,
RUBBER PEN HOLDERS,
And PENCILS.
For sale by W. S. HAVEN,
oc30 corner Wood and Third streets.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE DALTON KNITTING MACHINE has been exhibited at upwards of fifty State and County Fairs this season, and at each of them was awarded the HIGHEST PREMIUM. They are the simplest, strongest and best.
Agency removed from No. 27 to No. 24 Fifth street. Address
DALTON KNITTING MACHINE CO.
no9

THE WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINES are simple, reliable and perfect. They make the Lock Stitch, which is the only stitch that gives satisfaction for general purposes.
Call and examine them before purchasing, at the office of
E. P. CARPENTER,
no9 No. 27 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

ERNEST AXTHELM, No. 103 THIRD street, Pittsburgh, Agent for PLAYNER & KAYSER'S
Noiseless-Patent Sewing Machines.
These Sewing Machines are known as the very best in the United States. They are warranted, and sold at the Lowest Prices. Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Repairing of Sewing Machines of every kind promptly attended to. se30-ly

DENTISTRY.

S. F. LEYDE,
ARTISTIC SURGEON AND DENTIST,
251 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
(Second door above Christ's M. E. church.)
Artificial Eyes, Nose, Lips, Palate and
TEETH.
Teeth perfectly fitted, articulated, shaped, sized and colored, to suit every individual case, in perfect imitation of nature, and mounted on FINE GOLD, SILVER, PLATINUM and PORCELAIN. Also, the common Vulcanized Rubber, or cheap "blow work."
Persons desiring this kind of work can get a better article for $4 to $9, with beautiful gums, a more natural appearance and finer finish than can be made by any "steam machinery."
Call and see ten different specimens, ranging in price from $4 to $75. All work guaranteed to be just as represented.
Having been in active practice for ten years, is thoroughly posted and prepared to perform every operation in the best manner.
Teeth Extracted
WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST PAIN,
By the use of a
Perfectly safe Anœsthetic.
oc31-3m

RESTAURANTS.

JOHN GANGWISCH,
UNION LAGER BEER BREWERY.
WHOLESALE OFFICE
No. — PENN STREET, FIFTH WARD,
jy30-ly PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELI YOUNG'S
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON
Nos. 129 and 131 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.
The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in elegant style, together with all the delicacies of the season. oc17-ly

BOOTS AND SHOES.

REMEMBER,
SOUTH & ROSS,
63 Market street.
GIVE THEM A CALL. oc28

GENTLEMAN'S CALF BOOTS
AND CONGRESS GAITERS.
A full and complete assortment constantly on hand of my own manufacture, and will be sold at reasonable prices. S. DALZELL,
No. 132 Smithfield St., fourth door from Virgin Alley

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,
Third door from Suspension Bridge, Allegheny Pa.
ap15. Branch Store at Salem, Ohio.

TOBACCO.
On hand and for sale, a complete assortment of
Ohio Seed Leaf Fillers and Wrappers,
Mason county and other grades, Cutting Lugs, fine bright Cutting Leaf, and all grades bright and dark manufacturing Fillers and Wrappers.
Orders for leaf promptly and carefully executed.
RICHARD MALLAY,
mh31-ly 122 West Second st., Cincinnati, O.

H. L. YOUNG,
Architect and Superintendent,
Office 126 Fourth street,
PITTSBURGH.
Plans and specifications furnished, estimates made, &c., &c. oc16-3m

20 HHDS. PRIME P. R. SUGAR.
15 hhds prime Cuba Sugar.
46 bbls. assorted brands Syrup; together with a full assortment of goods in our line. For sale by
GEO. B. JONES & CO.,
my23 141 and 143 Water street

APPLES.
500 bbls prime New York Apples.
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
no8 No. 141 First street.

100 CADDIES QUARTER POUND
Lump, pure Virginia Tobacco, made in Richmond. For sale by ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
oc12 corner of Smithfield and Water streets

FINE DOUBLE BARL'D SHOT GUNS—Made by Wesley Richards, W. Greener, Moore & Harris, and other celebrated makers, just received and for sale by JAMES BOWN,
y8 136 Wood street.

DRY GOODS.

J. M'ELROY..........JAMES DICKSON..........JOHN T. SHANE
DRY GOODS.
FALL 1865!
M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,
No. 54 Wood St.,
PITTSBURGH,
Having recently refitted their store, with improved facilities for doing business, now offer their
FALL STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
AT WHOLESALE, AT
Low Prices, for Cash.
STAPLE AND DOMESTIC FABRICS
In good assortment, which will be kept complete during the season. A very large stock of
FLANNELS,
Of the following and other well known brands, now in store:
FULLERTON'S,
BRADLEY'S,
STEUBENVILLE,
THOMPSON,
WILDE'S.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS, JEANS, &c.,
PRINTS AND DRESS GOODS,
A full line; also,
COTTON YARNS,
WOOLEN YARN,
BATTING AND BAGS.
Pittsburgh, September 1, 1865. se4-3m-MW&F

CLOAKS, SACQUES & SHAWLS.
—GO TO—
GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,
92
MARKET STREET.
Cloaks, Sacques and Shawls.
—GO TO—
GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,
92
MARKET STREET.
Cloaks, Sacques and Shawls.
GREAT BARGAINS AT
GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,
92
oc25 MARKET STREET.

WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS HOUSE
WILSON, CARR & CO.,
94 Wood street.
The attention of the trade is invited to the superior stock, always to be found on hand, equal in extent to that of many
EASTERN HOUSES,
And surpassed by none in the West, among which may be found
PRINTS,
DRESS GOODS,
ALPACAS,
COBURGS,
BLACK SILKS
WOOL DE LAINES,
AMERICAN DE LAINES,
LADIES' CLOTHS,
FRENCH CLOTHS,
FANCY CASSIMERES,
BLACK DOESKINS,
TRICOTS,
ALL WOOL TWEEDS,
COTTONADES,
DENIMS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
TWEEDS,
ERMINES,
SATTINETS.
Also a full line of
DOMESTIC GOODS.
All goods bought for cash and sold at a small advance.
jul0-tf

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
Have in store, and for sale at prices
AS LOW AS EASTERN HOUSES
A very full and attractive stock of
NEW GOODS,
Comprising all that is new and desirable in
RIBBONS;
STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS;
FEATHERS, FLOWERS;
EMBROIDERIES;
ZEPHYR KNIT GOODS;
TRIMMINGS AND ORNAMENTS;
SILK SCARFS;
LADS' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS;
GLOVES, HOSIERY, AND FANCY GOODS;
BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, AND CORSETS
A complete line of NOTIONS always on hand.
Buyers will find it to their interest to call and examine.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
77 and 79 Market Street.
WHOLESALE ROOMS UP-STAIRS. se27

AT EATON'S, 17 FIFTH STREET,
Just Received,
A COMPLETE ASSSORTMENT OF
WHITE GOODS AND EMBROIDERIES;
LACE GOODS AND RUFFLINGS;
COLLARS AND HANDKERCHIEFS;
BONNET, NECK AND SASH RIBBONS;
EXTRA SILK BELTING—full line;
PLAID VELVET RIBBONS;
VELVET RIBBONS—all colors;
WHITE EDGE, SCARLET and BLACK VELVET RIBBONS;
NEW STYLE HAT VEILS;
THREAD AND LACE VEILS—full assortment;
BEAD ORNAMENTS AND SETS;
BEAD AND SILK BUTTONS;
DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
Full line FURNISHING GOODS for Ladies and Gents;
ZEPHYR KNIT GOODS;
FULL LINE HOSIERY AND GLOVES;
FINE ASSORTMENT ZEPHYRS AND YARNS;
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS GENERALLY AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
F. H. EATON,
NO. 17 FIFTH ST.
se27

J. A. WILSON..........J. W. CARR..........D. M'CANDLESS
WILSON, CARR & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Payne & Co.,)
Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods,
94 WOOD STREET.
Third House above Diamond Alley.
se25 PITTSBURGH

JOS. S. FINCH. RYE WHISKY.
JOSEPH S. FINCH
Successor to
THOMAS MOORE,
Manufacturer of
Copper-Distilled
Pure Rye Whisky,
Nos. 189, 191, 193 and 195
FIRST STREET,
PITTSBURGH,
oc16-6m

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA,
Wholesale Dealers
—IN—
COTTON YARNS,
Cotton and Linen Carpet Chains,

BATTING,	WADDING,
TWINES,	WICKS,
COVERLET YARN,	GRAIN BAGS,
CORDAGE,	FANCY COVERLETS,
OIL CLOTHS,	FANCY BASKETS,

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, &c., &c.
se22-6m

200 BUSHELS TIMOTHY SEED.
20,000 lbs. new Dried Peaches.
100 dozen Canned do.
300 pieces very best Sugar Cured Hams.
1,000 lbs. packed Butter.
100 bbls. No. 1 Salt. In store and for sale by
COOK, BROS. & CO.,
no8 12 Smithfield street.

CARPETS.

NEW GOODS.
VELVET CARPETS.
We have just opened the finest assortment of
VELVETS,
IN 3-4 AND 6-4 WIDTHS,
ever brought to this market, to which, in connection with our large stock of
Brussels, Three Plys, Ingrain and Common
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.,
we invite the attention of all desiring serviceable goods
AT LOW PRICES.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
no7 No. 23 Fifth Street.

CLOTHING.

WM. LADLAY..........OWEN BYRNE.
READY-MADE
CLOTHING.
OVERCOATS,
FROM $35 00 TO $45 00.
BUSINESS SUITS,
FROM $35 00 TO $50 00.
Made in the latest style and finest material.
NO. 52 ST. CLAIR ST.,
WM. LADLAY & CO.
oc14

NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS.
The undersigned are happy to inform all those who are in want of
CLOTHING,
Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers,
Ties, Scarfs, Gloves,
Handkerchiefs,
Suspenders, Socks,
Hats and Caps,
Of all descriptions, or any other article belonging to the line of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
That they have just received a large and well selected stock of the above-mentioned articles, and are now offering the same at the
Lowest Cash Figures
And at prices which defy competition. Goods sold there warranted as represented. Also just received,
A Large Stock of Overcoats,
Ranging in prices from $8 00 to $45 00. Call and examine their stock, which is open for the inspection of all.
N. GROSSMAYER & CO.,
47 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE THEATRE.
Branch: 29 St. Clair Street.
se28

JOHN S. LEE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
And Dealer in
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
NO. 49 ST. CLAIR ST., PITTSBURGH.
my16

MEDICAL.

CHAS. H. SUPER,
Druggist and Pharmaceutist,
Dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, and first-class TOILET ARTICLES.
CORNER PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS,
se7 PITTSBURGH.

J. J. BENDER & CO.,
NO. 341, CORNER LIBERTY AND WAYNE STS
Offer for sale Lindsay's Improved Blood Searcher, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Cary's Cough Cure, Ransom's Hive Syrup and Tolu, Sozodont, Seller's Cough Syrup, Carbonate Ammonia, Extract Calabria Licorice, Extract Logwood. de6

PARK & BRILL,
(Successors to J. P. Fleming.)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
Perfumeries, Toilet Articles and Fancy Goods Generally,
ALSO A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
White Lead, Paints, Oils, Varnishes
Glass, Dye Stuffs, &c.
Purchasers will always find prices satisfactory.
No. 77 Federal Street,
Third door below R. R. Depot,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
au22-ly

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.
DR. CHEESEMAN'S
Female Regulating
PILLS.
The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and cannot do harm to the most delicate; certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.
Dr. CHEESEMAN'S Pills was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline. These Pills form the finest preparation ever put forward with immediate and persistent success. Don't be deceived. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you want the best and most reliable female medicine in the world, which is comprised in these Pills.
Dr. CHEESEMAN'S Pills have been a Standard Remedy for over thirty years, and are the most effectual one ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.
Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box or 6 Boxes for $5, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.
Pills sent by mail, promptly, secure from observation, by remitting to the Agent. Sold by Druggists generally.
HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors.
28 Dey street, New York.
Sold in Pittsburgh by JOSEPH FLEMING, corner Market street and the Diamond near Fourth. no20

PAINTERS.

BARRY & BROTHER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
NO. 294, SECOND FLOOR,
Corner of Seventh and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.
jy28-ly

MORROW & REED,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painters
GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,
No. 91 Third Street,
fel-ly PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAWYER'S PURE AMBROSIAL VEGETABLE COMPOUND FOR SHAVING AND THE TOILET.—The manufacturers of this most excellent Soap offer it to the public solely on its merits, as acknowledged by thousands of persons who have used it, and can well attest its
SUPERIOR QUALITY AND ADVANTAGES
over other compounds made in foreign countries, and in other localities, and put upon the market as the *ne plus ultra* of Soaps. Without going further, we refer with gratification to the certificate appended herewith, which shows what gentlemen of taste and judgment think of this valuable and pleasant compound:
"The subscribers have for a long period of time used Sawyer's Barber Soap, and cheerfully bear testimony to its excellent qualities, and consider it the best and most pleasant article of the kind we have ever used, either for shaving or the toilet."

Hon. W. F. Johnston,	A. G. Lloyd,
Hon. J. K. Moorhead,	J. W. Pittock,
Hon. Thos. J. Bigham,	Jacob H. Walter,
Hon. John L. Dawson,	Thomas Roberts,
Gen. Geo. W. Cass,	George Ogden,
Col. Jas. M. Cooper,	James Patton, jr.,
Col. J. H. Stewart,	C. W. Hubbard,
Col. R. H. Kerr,	W. B. Hunter,
Col. E. F. Pratt,	James McSteen,
Col. Wm. Phillips,	D. Tidball, M. D.,
John T. Logan,	of New Castle, Pa.
James Lippincott,	E. C. Leighty,
John McCargo,	of West Newton, Pa.
James I. Bennett	Wilcox & McKinley,
Joseph H. French	of New Castle, Pa.

no6-tf

ALEX. M'CLINTOCK'S
SAW-MILL,
(Successor to Robert Wrightman,)
LAWRENCEVILLE.
I am now prepared to furnish
Sawed Lumber & Bill Stuff for Buildings,
Bridges, Deck Plank, Boat Siding; CLEAR DRY LUMBER for Pattern Making; Shingles, Nail Kegs, Lath, Pallings Sawed Hickory for wagon purposes, and STEAMBOAT FENDERS.
All orders left at my office, corner of Mechanic st. and Allegheny River, or Box No. 182, Lawrenceville Postoffice, will be thankfully received and
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
ALEX. McCLINTOCK.
Pittsburgh, August 23, 1865. au29-3m

APPLES.
200 Barrels Green Apples
Just received and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.
Pittsburgh, October 20, 1865. oc21

RAILROADS.

1865 WINTER ARRANGEMENT 1865
Pennsylvania Central R. R.
TWELVE TRAINS DAILY.
On and after MONDAY, October 16th, trains will leave Union Passenger Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:
DAY EXPRESS daily, except Sunday, at 2:50 a. m., stopping only at principal stations, and making direct connections at Harrisburg for New York, Baltimore and Washington, and at Philadelphia, for New York, Boston, and intermediate points.
ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION, daily, except Sunday, at 5:50 a. m., stopping at all regular stations between Pittsburgh and Altoona, and making close connection with trains on Indiana Branch, West Pennsylvania R. R., Ebensburg and Cresson R. R. and Hollidaysburg Branch.
PITTSBURGH AND ERIE MAIL, daily, except Sunday, at 7:50 a. m., stopping only at Greensburg, Latrobe, Blairsville Branch, Johnstown, Conemaugh, Gallitzin, Altoona, Huntingdon, Lewistown Mifflin, Newport, Marysville, Harrisburg, Lancaster and Downingtown. At Harrisburg direct connections are made for Baltimore, Washington and New York.
MAIL ACCOMMODATION, daily, except Sunday, at 11:40 a. m., stopping at all regular stations between Pittsburgh and Harrisburg, and making connection with trains on Ebensburg and Cresson railroad and Hollidaysburg Branch railroad.
PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS, Daily at 4:25 p. m., stopping only at Latrobe, Conemaugh, Gallitzin, Altoona, Huntingdon, Lewistown, Mifflin, Newport, Marysville, Harrisburg, Middletown, Elizabethtown, Mt. Joy, Landisville, Lancaster and Downingtown. At Harrisburg connections are made for New York, Baltimore and Washington. At Philadelphia for New York, Boston and intermediate points. Sleeping cars run through on this train from Pittsburgh to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by the Allentown route.
JOHNSTOWN ACCOMMODATION, daily, except Sunday, at 4:35 p. m., stopping at regular stations between Pittsburgh and Johnstown, and connecting at Blairsville Intersection with trains on the Indiana Branch and West Pennsylvania R. R.
FAST LINE, daily, except Sunday, at 9:30 p. m., stopping only at Conemaugh, Gallitzin, Altoona, Huntingdon, Lewistown, Mifflin, Newport, Marysville, Harrisburg, Middletown, Elizabethtown, Mt. Joy, Landisville, Lancaster and Downingtown. At Harrisburg connections are made for New York, Baltimore and Washington. At Philadelphia for New York, Boston and intermediate points.
FIRST ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station, daily, except Sunday, at 6:30 a. m.
Penn Accommodation 10:80 p. m.
SECOND ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station, daily, except Sunday, at 9:40 a. m.
THIRD ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station, daily, except Sunday, at 3:35 p. m.
FOURTH ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station, daily, except Sunday, at 6:05 p. m.
The CHURCH TRAIN leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m.

Returning Trains Arrive in Pittsburgh as Follows:

Mail	1:20 a. m.
Fast Line	2:00 a. m.
First Wall Station Accommodation	6:25 a. m.
Penn Accommodation	7:50 a. m.
Second Wall's Station Accommodation	8:50 a. m.
Johnstown Accommodation	10:05 a. m.
Pittsburgh and Erie Mail	12:50 p. m.
Baltimore Express	1:30 p. m.
Third Wall's Station Accommodation	2:05 p. m.
Philadelphia Express	2:30 p. m.
Fourth Wall's Station Accommodation	6:00 p. m.
Altoona Accom and Emigrant Train	10:30 p. m.
Wall's Station every Sunday, Pittsburgh at	12:30 p. m.

An agent of the Excelsior Omnibus Company will pass through each train before reaching the Depot, take up checks and deliver baggage to any part of the city. Office: No. 410 Penn street. Open day and night, where all orders for the movement of passengers and baggage will receive prompt attention.
Baltimore Express will arrive with Philadelphia Express at 2:30 p. m. on Mondays.
NOTICE—In case of loss the Company will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding 100 dollars.
W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.
At the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Passenger Station on Liberty and Washington streets. oc14

1865. PITTSBURGH, 1865.
Columbus and Cincinnati R. R.
THE GREAT SHORT ROUTE, VIA
STEUBENVILLE to
COLUMBUS,
CINCINNATI,
LOUISVILLE,
INDIANAPOLIS,
ST. LOUIS,
And all the principal cities West and South-west.
On and after MONDAY, October 9th, trains leave and arrive at the Union Depot as follows:

	Departs.	Arrives.
Express	2:10 A. M.	7:25 A. M.
Mail	7:00 "	3:00 P. M.
Express	2:45 P. M.	8:35 "
Steubenv'e Accommodation	4:35 "	10:00 A. M.

M. D. MOTHERSPAUGH,
Ticket Agent, Union Depot, Pittsburgh.
S. F. SCULL,
General Ticket Agent, Steubenville, Ohio.
oc9-tf

1865 THE PITTSBURGH, 1865.
Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. W.,
AND
CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after May 18th, 1865, trains run as follows viz:

Leave Pitts.	For Chicago.	For Clev'd.	For Wheel'g.
Express	2:10 a. m.	2:10 a. m.	2:10 a. m.
Express	2:00 p. m.	2:45 p. m.	2:45 p. m.
Express	3:00 p. m.		
Mail	7:00 a. m.		6:30 a. m.
For New Castle and Erie			6:40 a. m.

Returning, Arrive in Pittsburgh:
P., F. W. & C. R. W., 2:20 a. m. 3:30 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m. C. & P. R. R. 2:10 a. m. 3:45 p. m. and 9:00 p. m.
Accommodation Trains Leave Allegheny
N. B. Roch'r. N. C. Economy. Steubenville 9:00 a. m. 2:15 p. m. 3:50 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 3:50 p. m. 11:50 a. m. 4:45 p. m. 6:00 p. m.
Returning, Arrive in Allegheny.
P. F. W. & C. R. W. 7:15 a. m. 8:15 a. m. 10:25 a. m. 2:35 p. m. 4:50 p. m. 12:20 a. m.
C. & P. R. R. 9:10 a. m.
GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent,
Union Passenger Depot, Pittsburgh.
A. Q. CASSELBERRY,
Allegheny City.
my15 F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after MONDAY, OCT. 30, 1865, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives at Pittsburgh.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:15 a. m.	6:00 p. m.
Express " "	3:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
First McKeesport Accommo'n	11:00 a. m.	6:50 a. m.
Second " "	6:15 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
First Braddock's "	7:00 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
Second " "	4:10 p. m.	5:45 p. m.
Sunday Church Train to and from McKeesport	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.

For tickets, apply to
A. J. SHANK, Agent.
ap30 W. B. STOUT, Superintendent.

MANUFACTURERS.

FORT PITT
BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
Manufacturers of
Tubular, Double-flued, Tubular
Fire-box & Cylinder Steam Boilers,

CHIMNEYS,	OIL STILLS,
BRITCHEN,	OIL TANKS,
FIRE BEDS,	AGITATORS,
ASH PANS,	SETTLING PANS,
STEAM PIPE,	CONDENSERS,
SALT PANS,	PRISON DOORS,
IRON BRIDGES,	GASOMETERS.

STEAM BOILERS.
Office and Works, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets.
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. se21-3m

PITTSBURGH & McKEESPORT
CAR COMPANY,
MANUFACTORY, McKEESPORT, PA.
PITTSBURGH OFFICE, 84 WOOD STREET,
This company is organized under the General Manufacturing Laws of the State of Pennsylvania, with ample capital and facilities for doing an extensive business. We respectfully solicit orders for the manufacture of BOX, GONDOLA and RAILROAD COAL CARS PIT CARS, SCREEN BEARERS and BARS complete Railroad Boilers, Pit Wagon Wheels, Frogs and Turnouts for Coal Roads, Railroad Car Wheels and Castings, Cooking and Heating Stoves, Plows, Plow Points, Cultivators, and Foundry Castings in general.
IRON AND METAL TURNING,
Done to order on short notice.
W. H. BROWN, President, Pittsburgh.
R. H. PALMER, Treasurer, Pittsburgh.
J. N. SHALLENBERGER, Supt., Pittsburgh.
WM. STARK, Manager, McKeesport.
DIRECTORS.
W. H. BROWN WM. STEVENSON,
R. H. PALMER, W. S. HAVEN,
fe24eod J. N. SHALLENBERGER.

TO STEAM ENGINE BUILDERS
AND OTHERS.
Judson's Patent Governors and Patent Valves Combined
Are admitted to be much the best Governor of Steam Engines in use. The principal engine builders in the country are now placing them upon their engines. We have taken the agency for the sale of them in this county, and will keep a stock on hand, and sell to the trade at Judson's List Prices, which is less than the same can be made by engine builders, as they are of the most perfect workmanship and construction. We will warrant every Governor to give satisfaction, or refund the money.
Davis & Phillips,
No. 110 Water and 104 First sts.
oc25-1m

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA;
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of best quality refined Cast Steel, square flat and octagon, all sizes.
Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.
Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 First and 120 and 122 Second street Pittsburgh, Pa. no7

MORTON STREET MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
Engine Builders Machinists & Founders,
Morton street, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh.
N. B. HATCH, President.
WM. B. STERRIT, Superintendent of Foundry.
THOS. McCOY, Master Machinist.
D. P. HATCH, General Superintendent.
no10-3m

HATHAWAY, LEACH & STEARNS,
417 ARCH street, Philadelphia,
Manufacturers of
Boring Tools, Steam Engines and Boilers. Dealers in Portable Saw Mills, Engine and Hand Lathes, Planers, Bolt Cutters, Power Punches, Drills, Slide Rests, Scroll and Independent Jaw Chucks.
Depot for Banks, Dinmore & Co.'s Platform, Beam, Railroad Track, Coal and Hay Scales.
oc31-3m

BOLIVAR UNION FIRE BRICK WORKS,
ERSKINE, HAMMOND & McMATH,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Fire Brick, Furnace Brick, and Tile, Bolivar, Westmoreland county, Pa. Prompt attention given to orders by mail. Agents in Pittsburgh, HERRON & CO.,
ap24-ly Corner of Penn and Wayne streets.

C. CADMAN..........T. R. CRAWFORD
DUQUESNE BRASS WORKS,
CADMAN & CRAWFORD,
Brass Founders, Gas and Steam Fitters. Particular attention paid to Steamboat work and Oil Refineries. Corner of Duquesne Way and St. Clair streets. au16-ly

TO PUBLISHERS—FOR SALE—
A Taylor double cylinder printing machine. Size of bed, 31 by 45. Apply at THIS OFFICE. se27-tf

MANUFACTURERS.

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS
LLOYD & BLACK,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Common, Refined, Charcoal
AND JUNIATA BLOOM.
MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON.
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
BOILER PLATE, and SHEET IRON.
MOWER and REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER, and GUARD OR FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 20 and 16 lbs to the yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES FOR SAME.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk
COAL SCREEN IRON.
NAILS and SPIKES.
Warehouse, No. 88 Water and No. 6 Market streets. Works, Second street, Eighth Ward, adjoining the City Gas Works, Pittsburgh. se11-3m

EULER & SAUNTER,
NO. 7 ST. CLAIR STREET,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
AND
Spring Wagons.
All sizes of Wheelbarrows constantly on hand made to order.
REPAIRING done at short notice.
EULER & SAUNTER,
del7-s No. 7 St. Clair stree

CARLIN & GIBSON,
FOURTH WARD FOUNDRY
AND MACHINE WORKS,
Sandusky street, near Robinson, Allegheny City,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM ENGINES, ROLLING MILL AND MACHINE CASTINGS.
We have always on hand, and make to order, Steam Engines for oil wells, with flue or portable boiler Counter shafts, Derrick fixtures, &c., &c. my31-6m

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.
MODES, RYRIE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
BLACK AND GREEN GLASSWARE
DRUGGISTS' WARE, BOTTLES, DEMIJOHNS, CARBOYS, &c.
Warehouse, No. 144 Water street, between Smithfield and Grant streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
We warrant our wares to be superior to any manufactured west of the mountains. Always on hand, Glassware of the above description. All orders promptly attended to.
Particular attention paid to Private Moulds.
au4-ly

BERLIN FOUNDRY,
PRICE & SIMS,
(Successors to W. G. Price.)
Cor. Pennsylvania Avenue and Price St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes, Cast Iron Sinks, Bedstead Fastenings, Coal Car Wheels, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Grate Bars, Sash and Clock Weights, Hollow-ware Castings, Pulies, Hangers and Couplings; Castings of all kinds for agricultural implements.
Also, castings of all kinds for Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters. Jobbing and Machine Castings, lighter heavy, made to order. ja25-1

HARTLEY, PHELPS & CO.,
No. 58 Smithfield Street,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Patent Stretched, Cemented and Rivetted Leather Belting and Hose,
Fire, Steamboat and Hydrant Hose, Wool Packing Fire Buckets.
Patent Oil Tanned Lace Leather.
Hose Couplings and Nozzles, Copper and Iron Rivet Belt Hooks, &c.
Special attention given to making MAIN DRIVING BELTS, either double or single, which we make from the backs of hides, and warrant to run straight on the pulleys. ap14-tf

GRAFF, BENNETT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON AND NAILS,
WAREHOUSE, 97 WATER ST., BELOW WOOD,
fel2-ly PITTSBURGH, PA.

BANNER COTTON MILLS,
PARK, PAINTER & CO.,
Warehouse, Nos. 149 First and 120 Second Streets
PITTSBURGH PA.
4-4 Brown Sheeting, Carpet Chain of all Colors, Candlewick, Batting and Twine.

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JAMES IRWIN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
OIL OF VITRIOL & AQUA AMMONIA,
Office No. 15 Market Street,
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S. S. FOWLER & CO.,
Iron Founders and Mill Finishers,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Solid Hub Car Wheels.
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BRANDS AND STAMPS
Cut to Order, in Every Style,
BY
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Having added largely to our capacity by the addition of new and improved machinery, we are prepared to fill orders in our line on the most favorable terms, such as
STEAM BOILERS, OIL STILL, TANK,
And Sheet Iron Work,
Of every description. WATSON & MUNROE.
se12-3m

C. H. SPANG..........D. B. HERRON..........J. W. CHALFANT
SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,
ETNA IRON WORKS,
Warehouse, Nos. 91 and 92 WATER STREET,
je5 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. M. KOLFE, J. H. SWETT. JOSEPH DILWORTH, GEORGE PORTER.
DILWORTH, PORTER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
RAILROAD CHAIRS AND SPIKS.
Office, cor. Water st. and Cherry alley. au15-ly

DUQUESNE WAGON AND FARM IMPLEMENT WORKS.
Marion avenue, near Railroad Station, Allegheny City
All kinds of wagons, carts, timber wheels, drays, coal cars, wheelbarrows, store and baggage trucks, skids, straw and fodder cutters and mashcutters, four different patterns of horserakes. Also, steel rake and fork teeth suitable for all the different patent horse rakes in the United States. All made of best materials and warranted. Orders solicited from wholesale dealers.
nov5-ly C. COLEMAN.

9TH WARD MACHINE WORKS.
De Knight, Carroll & Co.,
Manufacturers of
Steam Engines, Shafting, Pulleys, and all Kinds of Mill Work.
Roll turning, &c. Always on hand a supply of ready made threshing and horse powers. Also, the improved Union horse power for oil boring. All orders promptly executed. No. 886 Penn st., Pittsburgh. se21-3m

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COLEMAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of
WROUGHT IRON WELDED TUBES,
FOR GAS, STEAM, WATER, &c.
ALSO, OIL WELL TUBING.
Office, No. 38 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
All work warranted smooth inside. se12-ly

BARNDOLLAR & PRICE,
(Successors to T. J. Craig.)
Manufacturers and dealers in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron ware. Also, Tin and Iron Roofers and Job Workers. Just received, a large assortment of house furnishing hardware, such as Water Coolers, Refrigerators, Meat Safes, Toilet Ware, Squirrel Cages, Britannia Ware, Waiters, Knife Boxes, Cash Boxes, Knives and Forks, Ice Pitchers, Ice Chests, Bath Tubs, Bird Cages, Parrot Cages, Planished Tin Ware, Fire Irons, Spoon and Fork Boxes, Tea Canisters, Spoons. Also, a large stock of Stoves. ap6

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
BRASS FOUNDERS AND FINISHERS,
Corner Third and Liberty streets.
oc3-3m

EXCELSIOR BOLT AND NUT WORKS.
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers of, and keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Bolts, Nuts, Washers, and Thimble Skeins.
Office and warehouse corner Market and Water streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. ju6-ly

UTILITY WORKS.—McLEAN & STROUS, sole manufacturers of Utility Locks, Utility Shutter and Butt Hinges, and McLEAN'S PATENT WINDOW SASH SUPPORTERS. Also, manufacture superior Counter Scales, Grindstone Hangings, Bed Castors, Strap Hinges, and a general assortment of Builders' and Cabinet Hardware. Sash Weights and Sad Irons, all sizes, kept constantly on hand. Office and warehouse,
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MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Brooms, Broom Brushes, Broom Findings, &c.
Also, always on hand MACHINERY for the manufacture of all kinds of Brooms and Broom Brushes. Office and Salesroom, No. 120 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Factory on Chestnut street, Manchester. oc3-6m

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Nos. 69, 71 and 73 Adams street,
ap15 BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

JOHN MAFFETT,
127 First street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Manufacturer of Oil Well Pumps and Tools, Brass and Iron Cocks, Tongs, Clamps, Poles and Couplings, Sand Pumps, Sampson Posts and Walking beam Irons, Derrick Wheels and Fittings. We are prepared to furnish the above at the shortest notice and on the best of terms. Address JOHN MAFFETT,
fe17 P. O. Box 112.

M. WHITMORE..........C. H. WOLFF..........G. J. DUFF..........T. H. LANE.
WHITMORE, WOLFF, DUFF & CO., (Sign of the Anvil,) Importers and Dealers in
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
Three doors above St. Charles Hotel, No. 30 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

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AMERICAN IRON WORKS
JONES & LAUGHLINS,
PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
AMERICAN AND CLAIR
BAR, HOOP, SHEET and PLATE IRON,
BRIDGE IRON,
ANGLE AND T IRON,
GUARD IRON,
COAL SCREEN IRON,
T RAILS, 16 and 20 lbs. to yard,
TRAM RAILS, punch'd and countersunk,
BOILER, BRIDGE and TANK RIVETS,
CUT NAILS and SPIKES,
SHIP and BOAT SPIKES,
RAILROAD SPIKES,
RAILROAD FISH BARS and BOLTS,
RAILROAD CAR WHEELS and AXLE
STREET CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
COAL-PIT CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTING,
PATENT COLD ROLLED PISTON RODS,
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
Warehouse and Office,
120 WATER, AND 158 FRONT.
Branch House,
NOS. 22, 24 AND 26 RIVER ST.,
jy8 Chicago, Ills.

JAMES BOWN,
MANUFACTURER OF
IMPROVED BORING TOOLS,
FOR
Sinking Oil, Salt and Other Wells,
No. 136 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Tools warranted made of the very best SLIGO AND LOW MOOR IRON.
WELL BORERS
Furnished at
LOWEST CASH PRICES
With such articles as are necessary to conduct operations, viz:

ANVILS,	HATCHETS,
BELLOWS,	SAWS,
VISES,	SQUARES,
SLEDGES,	CHISELS,
HAMMERS,	WRENCHES,
SHOVELS,	PLANES,
PICKS,	LEVELS,
AXES,	NAILS, &c.

Rope, Leather and Gum Belting.
All of which I have constantly in store. no3-3m

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.
ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,
(Successors to Jones, Boyd & Co.,)
MANUFACTURERS OF
BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,
SQUARE, FLAT AND OCTAGON, OF ALL SIZES,
Saw Plates, Hoe, Fork and
SHEET CAST STEEL.
Cast Steel for Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Springs, Axles, Crowbars, &c.
Office: Corner Ross and First streets, two blocks above Monongahela House. se27-ly

A. BRADLEY, President. W. VANKIRK, Secretary.
ETNA STOVE COMPANY,
(Successors to A. Bradley,)
MANUFACTURE EVERY VARIETY OF
COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING,
STOVES,
Among which are the celebrated
EUREKA, TROPIC AND TALISMAN,
(Coal Stoves,) the
POMONA, AND IRONSIDES,
(Wood Cook Stoves.) Also manufacture
GRATE, GRATE FRONTS, &c., &c.
Office and warehouse, corner of Second and Wood street, Pittsburgh. oc14-ly

JOSEPH PENNOCK. ROBERT C. TOTTEN
FULTON FOUNDRY,
NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.;
Warehouse, 141 Wood street,
PENNOCK & TOTTEN,
(Successors to Joseph Pennock and Pennock & Hart Manufacturers of Chill Rolls, warranted; Nail Machines, Soft Rolls, Squeezers, Puddling, Heating and Annealing Furnace Plates, of improved patterns, plain or corrugated; Bar, Boiler and Plate Iron Shears and Punches of latest improved patterns, Rolling Mill Castings and Heavy Machinery generally.
Gas Retorts, Oil Stills, Hot Blast Pipes, Driving Pipe, with Bolle's patent wrought iron bands; Sugar Kettles, House Fronts and Window Heads; Gas and Water Pipe, either bool or flange; Rolls turned, and all fitting done to order. A large assortment of rolling-mill patterns purchased from the Fort Pitt Foundry. ja21-ly

W. HENRY BURT, B. F. JENNINGS.
Formerly at Penn Cotton Mills.
JENNINGS & CO.,
MACHINISTS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
IMPROVED BORING TOOLS,
FOR OIL AND SALT WELLS,
No. 220 Rebecca Street, Allegheny, Pa.
TOOLS WARRANTED MADE OF BEST QUALITY OF JUNIATA AND LOW MOOR IRON.
Orders addressed through Pittsburgh Postoffice will receive prompt attention.
Parties desiring it can be furnished with an entire outfit for boring wells. oc2-tf

PULASKI FIRE BRICK WORKS
NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.,
JACOB S. PRICE,
MANUFACTURER OF
FIRE BRICK,
TILE AND FURNACE LINING,
Ground Clay always on hand.
H. H. COLLINS,
oc17-ly Agent, No. 25 Wood street Pittsburgh.

ANDREWS & ARMSTRONG,
Engine Builders & Practical Machinists.
Manufacturers of
Marine and Stationary Steam Engines.
Also, ENGINES of all descriptions for oil purposes
PULLEYS, HANGERS, SHAFTING and CASTINGS of all descriptions made to order.
CORNER SANDUSKY AND WATER STS.,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Particular attention paid to REPAIRING.
au5-6m

RAILROAD
CAR WHEELS AND AXLES.
Having purchased the right to manufacture
Ross' Celebrated Patent Car Wheels,
We are prepared to furnish broad or narrow tread wheels which we will warrant equal in quality to any now in use. We also manufacture and can furnish promptly
Superior Rolled Axles.
no15-ly JONES & LAUGHLINS.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF CAST STEEL,
Best refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay and Cross-cut Saw Plates, Reapers, File, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel; Machinery, Plow, Sheet, Shear, Railroad Spring and Frog Steel.
Office and Works, corner Harrison and Pike streets, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Warranted equal to the best English Steel.
Orders may be left at No. 37 Fifth street.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS
ESTABLISHED IN 1848.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Refined Tool Cast Steel
Spring, Plow, Blister and Saw Steel, Railroad Car Springs and Spring Steel, Axle Springs, Steel Tire, &c. best Cast Steel suitable for Oil Tools. Warehouse, 83 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap5

W. SMITH..........DAVID E. PARK..........JAMES PARK, JR
SMITH, PARK & CO.,
NINTH WARD FOUNDRY,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Warehouse, 149 First and 120 Second streets, manufacturers of all sizes and descriptions of coal oil retorts, and stills, gas and water pipes, sad irons, dog irons, wagon boxes, steel moulds, pullies, hangers and couplings; also, jobbing and machine castings of every description made to order. Having a complete machine shop attached to the foundry, all necessary fitting will be carefully attended to. se15

LYON, SHORB & CO.,
SLIGO IRON WORKS,
WAREHOUSE, NO. 121 WATER ST.,
se9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ADAMS, McKEE & CO.,
Pittsburgh Novelty Works,
CORNER OF GRANT AND FIRST STREET,
Manufacturers of Fairbanks' Patent Platform and Counter
SCALES,
Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, Malleable Iron, &c. ap10

JOHN M. CORNWELL,
MANUFACTURER OF
SADDLERY & CARRIAGE HARDWARE,
Silver and Brass Plating, Door Plates, Bell Pulls, Bell Hanging, &c., &c., No. 7 St. Clair st., near the bridge.
sep24-ly

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

Report on Consolidation.

The committee recently appointed by the Board of Trade to consider the subject of consolidation have been earnestly at work, and at a meeting of the Directors, held yesterday, presented the report which we give below. The committee is entitled to much credit for their zeal and promptness in this matter, and we hope the question will be still more energetically forwarded by the joint committee now having it in charge:

The committee appointed to report on the propriety of consolidation, the proper manner of carrying it into effect, and to propose legislation, have had the subject under consideration, and now report:

That there are now within the boundaries of the proposed consolidated city, two city and ten borough corporations, each having different and separate legislative powers, and different codes of laws. The people, in each and all of these municipalities, constitute *one business community*, mingling daily in all the ordinary transactions of a general business, in which each is interested in the common prosperity of the whole.

EVIDENCES OF PUBLIC SENTIMENT.

From the numerous indications of public sentiment, it is evident that the time has now arrived for an earnest consideration of the subject of uniting, under one city government and jurisdiction, all of these separate and conflicting municipal corporations.

The councils of the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny, have each appointed committees, to confer with similar committees from the surrounding boroughs, for the purpose of considering the advantage of consolidating, and of taking our proper position among the principal cities of the country. The grand jury of the county have also, in a recent report, strongly urged the measure of consolidation to the favorable attention of the people; so that, instead of the present inefficient and petty jurisdictions, with conflicting laws, we may have all interests and authority merged in one harmonious and responsible central administration. These official indications of public opinion, together with those which are exhibited through the public press, and the discussions among the citizens generally, are unmistakable evidences of a wide spread and deliberately formed public feeling in favor of the measure.

BOUNDARIES OF THE NEW CITY.

In adjusting the boundaries of the territory to be included within the jurisdiction of the proposed new corporation, the Committee are of the opinion that they should extend beyond the present boroughs, and include some of the adjacent townships.

The city of Pittsburgh has already had four different boundaries. Its corporate limits, first established in 1816, were afterwards enlarged by creating a city district, and next uniting with it the borough of the "Northern Liberties," and afterwards by an extension of the City District.

This method of extending the boundaries of the city by successive instalments, at times when the population and dwellings have crowded up to and over beyond the extension lines, is attended with the great disadvantage of finding established, in the added territory, clusters of building lots, streets and alleys, laid out in isolated patches, and improved without reference to any general plan, but according to the interest or caprice of the individual owner alone. To guard against such incoherent plans of straggling villages, the extension of boundary and jurisdiction of a city should precede any dense settlements in its suburbs. This would enable the proper authorities to lay out all needful streets and avenues, in advance of population, upon some comprehensive system, by which all the parts of the general plan would harmonize with each other and promote the general good of the whole. The committee, therefore, recommend that, in order to make ample provision for the future growth of the population and business of the city, its boundaries be so extended as to include a territory equal to eight miles square, at least.

DISADVANTAGES OF OUR PRESENT CONDITION.

Among the disadvantages of the present system of separate corporate authorities, we may cite the diversity of local and conflicting legislation, for similar objects and purposes, which must prevail. Each corporation, while legislating to promote the interests of its own constituents, may, and sometimes, adopt such discriminating measures as are detrimental and vexatious to their neighbors across the line of separation. Instances have occurred where draymen, residing and licensed in one municipality, have been arrested and punished by fines, for conveying a barrel of flour, or a load of coal, to the family residence of the owner in another. Local jealousies and rivalries of this kind may be exhibited in fixing the rates of market fees, wharfage, weighers' and inspectors' fees—in licenses, and in many other ways.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The fire department, also, needs one supreme head, with power to direct the energies of all its members with promptness and vigor. Although the firemen of our two cities do voluntarily cooperate with commendable zeal in aiding each other, yet with separate governing powers, casual outbreaks of pique or resentments among them may at times occasion the most disastrous consequences.

POLICE ARRANGEMENTS.

But among the numerous disadvantages of our present disjointed system, the most obvious, perhaps, is that which affects our police arrangements. We now have twelve different and independent corporate powers, each of which appoint and regulate the services of policemen in their own way, and all of them are subject to discharge whenever a new chief officer is elected. We cannot expect an efficient police based upon such a discordant system. We might as well expect efficient action from a military regiment in battle, where each company moved in its own way, "fighting on its own hook," independent of its chief commander. All these, and other evils of like character, would disappear under our consolidated city Government.

THE EFFECTS OF NARROW CITY LIMITS.

The peculiar local position of the present city of Pittsburgh has made it in all time past the center of trade, navigation and business for all of the surrounding country. Although many of its larger manufactories are established outside of its boundaries, all of the important financial operations of the entire business community are transacted within its limits. The wharves, railroad depots, large trading houses, the banks and insurance offices are concentrated there. The business of receiving and forwarding, and of buying and selling goods, will doubtless continue to be transacted there. The constantly increasing demand for places of business, within its restricted limits, is so great that family dwellings are giving place to warehouses and stores. A large portion of the active business people are removing their family residences beyond the city limits, and thus virtually abandon their right of suffrage in electing those city authorities under whose control their property and their business is placed. They also become ineligible to any share of the city government. A large portion of those who thus remove their families consist of persons who have reached an age of maturity and judgment, and possess much practical knowledge in the successful management of business affairs. The city, in whose prosperity all their interests are concentrated, is thus deprived of the benefit of their services in the administration of its government. By the proposed act of consolidation the residences, as well as the place of business, of all citizens who thus remove, will continue to be within the city limits, and all would then be entitled to participate, by their votes and by their personal services, in the management of city affairs, and to aid in promoting the best interests of the whole city.

THE EFFECT ABROAD.

It is no puerile vanity on the part of our people, nor of any other large community, to desire that their own city should take its proper rank among the great cities of the country. Nor can it be otherwise than mortifying to their just pride, to find the name of their own city omitted in the lists of other cities containing names of much less importance. An official statement of the population in sixteen of the principal cities of the United States is just now going the rounds of the newspapers, in which the name of Pittsburgh is not to be found; whilst it gives Buffalo, Newark, Louisville, Albany, Washington, San Francisco and Providence—in none of which is the population so large as it is in Pittsburgh and vicinity.

EXPERIENCE OF PHILADELPHIA.

There are doubtless many citizens who suppose that the proposed consolidation will prove injurious to their interests. In considering measures of this weighty character, the experience of other communities in like situations may be appealed to as the safest guide. It is well known that nearly all of our large cities have outgrown their original limits; and have at times found it necessary to enlarge their territory, and it is believed that none of them have ever had occasion to regret such enlargement. The Committee would, however, refer more particularly to the experience of our sister city of Philadelphia, with which many of our citizens are personally well acquainted.

The former condition of the corporate jurisdiction of Philadelphia and its neighborhood was similar to the present condition of Pittsburgh and its vicinity. The embarrassments caused by the conflicting legislation of so many separate corporations induced the people to seek a remedy in consolidation; and, after a struggle of many years, against the prejudices and adverse opinions of many citizens, residing both within and without the original city limits, the friends of the measure at length prevailed, against the earnest opposition and to the regrets and dismay of a large minority. And what has now, thus far, after twelve years' experience, been the result?

From all the information the Committee has been able to obtain, it appears that the people affected by the act are now nearly unanimous in opinion that it was a wise measure, resulting in great benefit to the property, convenience and prosperity of the whole community; and it is believed that, if the question was now raised and submitted to all the people, whether they would abandon their present system of one consolidated government for the whole, and return to their former discordant system of separate corporation, not one in ten of the voters would be found in favor of it.

The Committee believe that the experiment thus made by the people of our sister city, under circumstances so nearly identical with our own, and with such beneficent results, is an unerring and conclusive testimony in favor of consolidation.

HOW TO EFFECT IT.

To carry into effect the proposed measure of consolidation, an act of the Legislature must first be obtained. A suitable act for the purpose will necessarily be more comprehensive in its general scope, as well as more extensive in its details than any act heretofore passed relating to our city. It should define with fullness and precision all the powers, duties and responsibilities of the Legislative Departments of the corporation, and prescribe the manner of electing and appointing each. To prepare such an act demands the most careful and deliberate consideration of a large Committee. And as the present corporate authorities have appointed Committees to confer upon this subject, this Committee recommends that the Board of Trade appoint a Committee to confer with them, and jointly with them to prepare a suitable act, to be presented to the Legislature at its next session. And for this purpose they submit for the consideration of the Board the following resolutions:

Resolved, That this Board do recommend a consolidation of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and of all the surrounding boroughs, with portions of the adjacent townships, into one united City Corporation.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to confer with similar committees, appointed by any corporate authorities, or by townships, and jointly with them, to prepare a form for an Act of Assembly, suitable for carrying into effect the foregoing recommendation.

WM. F. JOHNSON,
WM. WADE,
JAMES M. COOPER,
J. HERON FOSTER,
T. J. BIGHAM,
FRANCIS SELLERS,
WM. PHILLIPS.

The report was adopted, and the same committee continued in pursuance of the last resolution.

Court Proceedings.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—Before Judges Stowe and Brown.

Yesterday morning, after the list of the new panel of jurors had been called, the case of Peter McFarland, charged with selling liquor without license, was taken up. William Maxwell, in prison on a charge of the larceny of a watch, was the prosecutor, and had appeared against Mr. McFarland on a charge of felonious assault and battery. The jury convicted, and the defendant was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and the costs. He had been convicted of unlawfully wounding and cutting Wm. Maxwell, for which he was sentenced to pay a fine of three hundred dollars and undergo six months imprisonment in the county jail. He also pleaded guilty to two indictments for selling liquor without license, upon each of which he was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars, and to thirty days imprisonment in the jail. The aggregate of the sentence is a fine of $450 and eight months imprisonment.

Philip Delaney and James Haley were put upon trial for the larceny of a silver watch, valued at $22, the property of Edward Minnemeyer. The watch was taken from the jewelry store of Mr. Dunseath, Fifth street, and traced to the possession of Delaney, one of the defendants, who went to the store of Mr. T. M. Little, in company with Haley, to have a glass put in it. Mr. Little having no glass of the proper size, went to Mr. Dunseath to procure one. There the watch, which had been missed, was recognized. Haley and Delaney had been at Dunseath's, the former going there for the purpose of having a watch repaired, and leaving it for that purpose. The jury acquitted Haley and convicted Delaney, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for nine months.

Charles "alias Valentine" Heintzleman was tried upon an indictment for the larceny of a silver watch and about fifty dollars in money from some unknown person. Officer Gumbert, from information received, arrested the defendant on suspicion of having stolen the money and watch from a soldier at the Pennsylvania Railroad depot. While under arrest, the defendant threw away a watch, and some money was found in his possession. Defendant's conduct was suspicious and his statements contradictory. The jury returned a verdict of guilty. John Y. McCarthy, counsel for the defendant, moved for a new trial, on the ground that the evidence in the case was not sufficient to justify conviction, and that there was a confliction in the testimony of the witnesses for the prosecution. The motion was granted.

John H. Dittler was found guilty on a charge of illegal liquor selling, and sentenced to pay a fine of thirty dollars and costs.

Benjamin Peterson was tried for the larceny of a watch, but the prosecution failing to make out a case, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

James Cox was fined seventy-five dollars and costs for selling liquor on Sunday.

Charles Friel, Edward McDermott and Mrs. Jane Kavanagh were arraigned on charges of selling liquor on Sunday. Friel and McDermott were acquitted, but Mrs. Kavanagh was found guilty. The Court sentenced her to pay a fine of twenty dollars, the costs of prosecution, and undergo an imprisonment of ten days in the county jail.

Barney O'Donnell was arraigned on a charge of committing an assault and battery on the person of Morris White, a member of the Mayor's police. The offense was alleged to have been committed during a disturbance on Seventh street some weeks since. Jury out.

Margaret Hess, who was convicted last week of the larceny of $350 from a returned soldier, was brought into Court, and sentenced to pay a fine of six cents and costs, and undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of one year.

The Court then adjourned until this morning at nine o'clock.

Prof. Tetedoux's Concert.

A large and appreciative audience was assembled at Masonic Hall, last evening, for the purpose of enjoying the Concert given by the pupils of Professor Tetedoux. We did not expect to find the hall so well filled, and were again reminded of the hearty endorsement always given by Pittsburgh audiences to the fine arts. A fine programme was offered, with which all seemed delighted. The concert was an entire success; so much so, that the audience at times were very enthusiastic, and lavish in the bestowal of applause. We might mention parts which bore more of the characteristics of *professional* than of *amateur* performance. The efforts of Mr. P. Zimmerman were very successful; he is possessed of a most beautiful voice, which is evidently being well developed in the school of music.

The parts assigned to the Misses Addison, McCandless and Ward were admirably executed, as were those of most all the performers. It was well worth suffering any inconvenience of weather to enjoy such a musical feast—such was the opinion manifested by the audience generally. Beautiful music was most effectively rendered from one of Chickering's celebrated pianos, which Mr. C. C. Mellor, with his usual courtesy, kindly furnished.

Prof. Tetedoux is evidently determined to sustain the eminent reputation he has earned as a master of his profession, and fully merits the patronage so largely bestowed on him by our citizens. We hope he may again afford us a similar musical entertainment. We have often been puzzled to understand why Pittsburgh should be so slow to perceive the necessity for an Academy of Music. There is no entertainment, be it ever so small, but that we feel the want of such a place. Numbering as we do so many masters of the sublime art, and surrounded as we are by men of wealth and speculative propensities, it is rather peculiar that the Academy of Music proposition should be considered as Utopian.

LECTURE BY HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX.—The distinguished Speaker of the House of Representatives at Washington, Hon. Schuyler Colfax, will lecture this evening at Lafayette Hall, under the auspices of the Young Men's Mercantile Library Association. The subject of Mr. Colfax's lecture will be "Across the Continent," in which he will give his observations on his late trip overland to California. The lecture, we are assured, abounds in interesting and entertaining facts, and is not merely a literary effort.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.—Persons with a small capital should read the advertisement of "Tobacco and Cigar Business for Sale." The location is a good one, and a profitable business may be built up there.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

☞ Trains leave the New Union Depot, Liberty street, between Washington and O'Hara streets.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Day Express	2:50 a m	Mail	1:20 a m
Altoona Accom	5:50 a m	Fast Line	2:00 a m
Pitts. & Erie Mail	7:50 a m	Pitts. & Erie Mail	12:50 p m
Mail Accom	11:50 p m	Baltimore Expr's	1:30 p m
Phila. Express	4:25 p m	Phila. Express	2:30 p m
Fast Line	9:30 p m	Johnstown Acc'n	10:05 a m
Johnstown Acc'n	4:35 p m	1st Wall Station	6:25 a m
1st Wall Station	6:30 a m	2d " "	8:50 a m
2d " "	9:40 a m	3d " "	2:05 p m
3d " "	3:35 p m	4th " "	6:00 p m
4th " "	6:05 p m	Penn Accomm'n	7:50 a m
Penn Accommdn	10:30 p m	Altoona Accom. and Emigrant	10:30 p m

The church train leaves Walls' Station every Sunday at 9:06 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Columbus & Cincinnati R. R.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	2:10 a m	Express	7:25 a m
Mail	7:00 "	Mail	3:00 p m
Express	2:45 p m	Express	8:35 "
Steub. Accomm	3:30 "	Steub. Accomm	10:00 a m

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	1:20 a m	Express	2:20 a m
Express	2:00 p m	Express	3:30 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	6:00 p m
Mail	7:00 a m	Mail	7:50 p m
E. Castle & Erie	6:40 a m	N. Castle & Erie	8:30 p m

New Brighton Accommodation leaves Allegheny depot at 9:00 a. m., 11:50 a. m., 4:45 p. m., and 6:00 p. m. Rochester, 2:15 p. m.; New Castle, 3:50 p. m.; Economy, 11:30 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Wheeling.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	2:10 a m	Express	2:10 a m
Express	2:45 p m	Express	3:45 p m
Mail	6:10 a m	Mail	9:00 p m

Steubenville Accommodation leaves Allegheny at 3:50 p. m.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:15 a m	Mail	6:00 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	10:00 a m
1st McKeesport	11:00 a m	1st McKeesport	6:50 a m
2d "	6:15 p m	2d "	2:05 p m
1st Braddock's	7:00 a m	1st Braddock's	8:30 a m
2d "	4:10 p m	2d "	5:45 p m

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Leaves.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:00 a. m.	Express	9:30 a. m.
Express	4:30 p. m.	Mail	7:00 p. m.
Accommodation	2:00 p. m.	Accommodation	8:00 a. m.

Parkersburg Daily Steamers

DEPART AS FOLLOWS:

Monday	11 A. M.	Bayard.
Tuesday	11 A. M.	Gleaner.
Wednesday	11 A. M.	Forest City.
Thursday	11 A. M.	Bayard.
Friday	11 A. M.	Gleaner.
Saturday	11 A. M.	Forest City.

Zanesville Semi-Weekly Line.

Tuesday	4 P. M.	Emma Graham.
Saturday	4 P. M.	Julia.

Monongahela River Packets.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.

Morning 8 A. M. Evening 6 P. M.

McKEESPORT AND ELIZABETH.

Leaves daily 3 P. M. James Rees

AGENTS FOR THE COMMERCIAL.

The following gentlemen are the authorized agents in the towns named for the PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.

Wellsville, Ohio	GEORGE A. IMBRIE & Co.
Sewickley, Pa	JOHN WRAY.
Johnstown, Pa	THOMAS TRST.
Allegheny Valley Railroad	WILLIAM SMYERS.
Butler, Pa	H. C. HEINEMAN.
New Brighton, Pa	M. A. TOWNSEND.
Monongahela City, Pa	AMOS CRALL.
Washington, Pa	BENJ. BRACKNEY & Co.
McKeesport, Pa	T. A. CARNAHAN.
Mercer, Pa	P. J. PIERCE.
Massillon, Ohio	P. PEACE.
Allegheny City	J. T. SAMPLE.
Brockville, Pa	J. A. SCOTT.
Poland, Ohio	RUFUS PARKER.
Brownsville, Pa	W. H. HOWELLS.
Connellsville, Pa	JAMES REED.
New Castle, Pa	R. M. ALLEN.
Sharon, Pa	C. M. RICE.
Rochester, Pa	J. LINNENBRINK.
Canonsburg, Pa	J. H. COLEMAN.
Altoona, Pa	GEO. W. PATTON.
Alliance, Ohio	D. G. HESTER.
Freeport, Pa	J. H. SHOOP.
Greensburg, Pa	JNO. ARTERS.
Elizabeth, Pa	T. B. SHAFFER.
Hollidaysburg, Pa	C. G. LOWRY.
Clarion, Pa	MILES BEATY.
Cookstown, Pa	H. H. CONNELLY.
Uniontown, Pa	J. H. SPRINGER.
Steubenville, Ohio	S. GLENDENNING & SON.
Columbiana, Ohio	T. C. ALLEN.
Leechburg, Pa	J. P. KERR.
Salem, Ohio	ISAAC TRESCOTT.
Pennsylvania R. R	JNO. HUGO.
Waynesburg, Pa	GEO. S. JEFFERY.
P. & C. R. R	J. W. BLACKBURN.
Franklin, Pa	SMITH & BURGWIN.
West Newton, Pa	T. STEVISON.
East Liberty, Pa	SAML. ROSS.
Beaver, Pa	E. S. BEACON.
F. & P. R. R	J. M. SNYDER.
Greenville, Pa	W. P. HANNA.
Penna. R. R	M. RILEY.
Wheeling, W. Va	W. P. McKELVEY.
Canton, Ohio	A. PRICE & BRO.
Oil City, Pa	D. A. MATSON & Co.
Kittanning, Pa	W. H. DICKEY.
Espyville, Pa	M. W. SMART.
New Galilee, Pa	J. B. JOHNSON.
Sharpsville, Pa	C. M. RICE.
Pulaski, Pa	J. L. WELCH.
Altoona, Pa	H. FETTINGER.
Homewood, Pa	J. E. BIGGER.
Meadville, Pa	E. P. McELROY.
Laytonia, Pa	J. A. LOWREY.
Blairsville, Pa	W. R. BOYERS.
Smith's Ferry, Pa	J. OWENS.
Monongahela House	W. W. WARD.
Marietta, Ohio	E. WINCHESTER.
P. & C. R. R	J. M. NEWCOMER.
Linesville, Pa	J. N. BREAKMAN.
Burgettstown, Pa	E. P. WILSON.
Braddock's Field, Pa	S. G. GOULD.
Birmingham, Pa	C. FELD.
Jamestown, Pa	J. H. CARR & Co.
Sharpsburg, Pa	G. R. BARKER.
Bellair, Ohio	ISAAC T. OXTOBY.
Wooster, Ohio	BONEWITZ & CARR.
Latrobe, Pa	T. LONERGAN.
Alliance, Ohio	J. D. MILLER.
Mount Union, Ohio	C. JOHNSON.
Morgantown, West Virginia	T. A. DERING.
Youghiogheny	A. FULTON.
North Star, Pa	A. JOURDAN.
Rostraver, Pa	M. W. ECKLEY.
Madison, Pa	J. L. DAVIDSON.
Candor, Pa	H. J. COOK.
Haveland, Pa	H. McCUNE.
Bakerstown, Pa	T. STEWART.
New Scottsville, Pa	A. JOHNSON.
Punxsutawney, Pa	J. R. REES.
Perrysville, Pa	J. ENGLISH.
New Waterford, Ohio	J. BAKER.
Princeton, Pa	C. R. JOHNSON.
Upper Middletown, Pa	JAMES NICKLE.
Baldwin, Pa	W. C. ADAMS.
Ewing's Mills, Pa	JAMES EWING.
Lawsonham, Pa	R. W. ORR.
Rural Ridge, Pa	WILLIAM PORTER.
North Hope, Pa	JAMES CHRISTIE.
Library, Pa	A. C. WILSON.
Smicksburg, Pa	W. N. SIMS.
Conneautville, Pa	G. T. BOSTWICK.
Culmersville, Pa	H. C. JORDAN.
Jeddo, Ohio	A. F. BRAY.
Spring Dale, Pa	J. HENDERSON.
Cecil, Pa	J. MATHEWS.
Talley Cavey, Pa	R. McDONALD.
East Lewistown, Ohio	D. THOMAN.

OFFICE OF ELDORADO OIL COMPANY, N. E. Corner Fifth and Walnut streets, Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1865.

The Annual meeting of the Stockholders, of ELDORADO OIL COMPANY will be held at their office, on MONDAY, the 28th day of November, 1865 at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of electing five directors to serve for the ensuing year; also for such other business as may be brought before them.

Transfer Books will be closed at 3 P. M., on the 23d and re-opened on the 29th of November.

no-7-9-11-16-17-18 B. A. MITCHELL, Secretary.

H. C. MACKRELL. S. A. JOHNSON.

MACKRELL & JOHNSON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW AND U. S. LICENSED SOLDIERS' CLAIM AGENTS.
Bounties for wounded Soldiers collected in from ten to twenty days.
Office, No. 89 Grant Street, PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Call with discharge and two witnesses. jy26

FINANCE AND TRADE.

BANKERS' AND BROKERS' BOARD.

S. M'CLEAN, JR., Pres't. | J. M. TIERNAN, V. P.
S. S. BRYAN, (STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKER,) SECRETARY.

Meets Daily at 10½ O'Clock, A. M.

TRANSACTIONS NOV. 13, 1865, AT THE BOARD.

	Bid.	Asked.
United States 6's 1881	105 00	......
United States 5-20s	101 00	......
United States 5-20s, new	99 50	......
United States 7-30s	97 00	......
United States 7-30s, 2d series	96 75	......
United States 7-30s, 3d series	96 50	......
United States 10-40's	90 50	......
Gold	1 44	......
Allegheny County 5's	72 00	......
Pittsburgh 5's	68 75	......
Allegheny City 6's	......	98 00
Connellsville Railroad 6s	79 00	81 00
Cash Insurance	51 00	......
Alle'y & Man. Passenger R. R	......	90 00
Connellsville R. R. stock, non-interest	9 25	......
Connellsville Railroad stock, interest	9 50	......
Exchange National Bank	......	83 00
Fourth National Bank	......	130 00
Third National Bank	......	124 00
Columbia Oil Co	......	30 00
Chery Run and Pithole	......	45
Merchant's Oil Co	......	25
Oil Basin of Philadelphia	......	3 25
Ohio Valley	......	26
Philadelphia, Lancaster and Cherry Run	......	1 00
Ritchie	......	[illegible]50
Coal Bluff Mining Co	......	1 25
Ralston Oil Co	......	1 50
Triumph	......	3 00
Fort Pitt Coal	......	60
Phoenix	......	1 20
Warren and Venango	......	3 50
Germania of Pittsburgh	......	50
Culbertson Run	......	50

MONDAY, November 13—P. M.

The local money market in its main features does not show any indications of relaxation from its spell of stringency, and parties who have loaded themselves with governments and other securities have come to the conclusion, in many instances, that they must sell. This affects, unfavorably, the prices of the leading securities, and hence their decline in price.

There was very little done to-day in stocks. A sale of a small lot of the Iron City National Bank at 77 is reported; also 500 shares Pittsburgh and Stuart's Run Oil Company. Ross sold at 40 to 45, and closed pretty firm. There is no Ritchie offering, the rates bid being too low to bring out the stock. Philadelphia, Lancaster and Cherry Run was inquired for at 9.

—In Philadelphia there was considerable activity in Sugar Creek. It advanced to-day five-eighths on a share, being a rise within a week of nearly five dollars per share.

—Petroleum Stocks at the New York board to-day were active, and a marked improvement in price is noted. All the leading names on the list advanced.

—The statement of the approximate earnings of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company during the month of October, compared with the same period last year, show the following result:

	1865.	1864.	Increase.	Decrease.
Freights	$470,006 35	$388,098 91	$81,907 44	....
Passengers	306,633 97	289,690 56	16,943 41	....
Ex. Matt'r.	13,562 60	5,200 00	8,362 60	....
Mails	7,825 00	7,825 00	....	....
Rent of R. R	7,083 33	7,083 33	....	....
Miscel'nous	2,271 06	3,453 77	....	$1,182 71
Total	$807,382 31	$701,351 57	$106,030 74	$1,182 71
Jan to Oct 31	$7,107,819 94	$5,514,827 54	$1,592,992 40	

—The regular monthly report of the Bank Comptroller of Wisconsin has been published. From it we learn that the whole amount of circulation outstanding is:

Par banks	$147,068
Banks winding up	112,037
Total	$259,045

Secured as follows:

Wisconsin 6's	$119,700	
United States 6's	28,000	
	$147,700	
Treasury notes		$112,455 59
Coin		8,168 69
Total		$268,324 28

The following banks are wound up and their bills are redeemed in coin at the office of the Bank Comptroller at Madison at the following rates:

	Circulation Outstanding.	Cts.
Bank of Albany	$303	73½
Bank of Appleton	504	61½
Bank of Beaver Dam	113	57½
Bank of Eau Claire	806	84
Bank of Fond du Lac	803	68¾
Bank of Portage	700	78.6
Beloit Savings Bank	75	46½
Dodge County Bank	939	69.3
Hall & Brother's Bank	708	63
Koshkonong Bank	484	64¾
Mechanics Bank	185	62¾
Mercantile Bank	1,158	79¼
Oconto County Bank	325	75
Osborne Bank	290	65
Portage County Bank	355	70¼
Reedsburg Bank	336	75½
Southern Bank	44	70½
Tradesmen's Bank	465	51
Waupun Bank	716	80
Waushara County Bank	141	73½
Winnebago County Bank	1,377	57
Wisconsin Valley Bank	395	77
Total	$11,303	

The following is a list of Banks that are wound up, and the bills of which are redeemed on presentation in Treasury notes, at the following rates:

	Circula'n outst'ing.	Re'd at
Arctic Bank	$1,040	68½
Bank of Horicon	283	60
Bank of North America	265	95½
City Bank of Beaver Dam	1,328	80½
Citizens Bank	250	72
Chippewa Bank	925	77¼
Katayan Bank	1,380	79
Laborers Bank	125	87
Lake Shore Bank	308	77
Manitowoc County Bank	608	93
Northwestern Bank	418	66½
State Stock Bank	2,754	95
St. Croix River Bank	855	73½
Waupacca County Bank	506	83
Wood County Bank	664	77
	$11,858	

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, TUESDAY, November 14, 1865.

BUSINESS.—An improvement was perceptible yesterday in business circles. There was a larger inquiry; buyers were more numerous and more disposed to operate. Our rivers are steadily declining; heavy draught boats will be compelled to withdraw. The weather has been remarkably fine for the season; in fact, the winter, so far, has been absent. On the landing, Mondays are generally days of activity. The present one was no exception. A number of boats from the lower ports came in with good freights. The Nevada, from Cincinnati, has a large cargo of miscellaneous articles; the Marietta, from Louisville, was loaded to her utmost capacity; she is announced for New Orleans. The Emma Graham had plenty of freight for all purposes; she leaves to-day at 4 P. M. for Zanesville. The Bayard left for Parkersburg on time, with a good trip. The Nora took her departure for Cincinnati, drawing all the water. America did not succeed in getting off last evening; to-day will witness her departure for St. Louis. The far-famed Silver Cloud No. 2 leaves this day positively for Memphis and New Orleans; persons going that way will know where to call. A number of boats from the lower ports are due and may arrive at any hour. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

HAY—Prices have been uniform for some time past, the receipts keeping pace with the demand. Sales 17 loads at the scales at $14@24—a pretty wide range. The variety in quality was equal to the figures. Prime qualities of baled were held at $25@22 ₽ ton.

HOOP POLES—Sales 4,000 slack at $18 ₽ M.

SORGHUM—We note sales 5 bbls at 90c ₽ gall.

CIDER—Market steady, with a good demand. Sales 6 bbls pure at $15 ₽ bbls.

CHEESE—Market steady, with a good demand for local purposes; former prices have been well maintained. Sales 40 bxs Hamburg at 21c; 25 do Goshen at 22c; 20 bxs factory at 20½c.

GRAIN—There was a fair local demand for the articles that come under this head, the stock on hand being sufficient for all ordinary purposes. Corn—Sales 500 bush new ear, on wharf, at 66c; 250 do at 65c; old is held at 75c from store. Oats—The market was quiet, the operations being restricted to light; sales 400 bush, at depot, at 48c; 250 do, from store, at 50c. Wheat—Dealers manifest no disposition to operate; the supply was fully up to the demand. Spring may be quoted at $1 75 @1 78; winter, $2@2 10, as per quality. Barley—The market has presented nothing new; spring was held at 90c; fall, $1 10 ₽ bush. Some dealers are selling at prices to be regulated hereafter. Rye nominal.

APPLES.—The supply being largely in excess of the demand, prices tend downward. Besides the receipts are coming forward very liberally. Sales continue to be made at a variety of prices. The rates range from $3 50 to 5 50 per bbl. The sales all told will reach 500 bbls. Sales, 1 car load on track at $4 25.

FLOUR.—The market continues inactive with a light demand. The operations were confined to lots to meet the wants of the home trade, hence large transactions were out of the question. Among the sales were the following: Extra Family Spring wheat, sales of 100 bbls at $9 50, 50 bbls at $9 55, and 40 bbls at $9 60. Sales firm. Winter Wheat—140 bbls in lots at $10 75@11 00; 50 bbls do at $10 50; 75 do at $10 60. There was no export demand.

FEED.—Sales, 1 car middlings $1 60 per cwt; 1 car mixed feed $1 15 per cwt.

HOPS were in better demand. Sales of new eastern at 60c and old at 40c per pound.

POTATOES.—The market was not very active. The receipts were large, whilst the demand fell off; hence we have to report a dull market, we note sales as follows, viz: 60 bbls peach blows at $3 50; 3 car loads do at [illegible] pot at $3 50 per bbl; 200 bus do at $1 10 per bus.

HOMINY—Market unchanged as regards prices or demands. Sales 7 bbls at [illegible] ₽ lb.

BEANS—Sales 3 bbls medium at $1 50 ₽ bush. Stock ample.

GROCERIES—We have nothing new to note in regard to this article. The demand was confined to lots to meet the wants of the home market. As prices were unchanged we omit them.

BACON—The supply of old stock will soon be among the articles of the past. Shoulders—We note sales 2,500 lbs at 17½@18c. No hams on the market.

BULK MEAT—We note sales 100 pieces new at 16½c, Sales 1,000 lbs Sides, 20½c.

LARD—Nothing doing worthy of notice. Sales of 6 packages country, 28c; city held at 31c.

LARD OIL—Market firm. Sales No. 1, $2 35; winter strained, $2 50, and in demand.

WHISKY—Market firm with a good demand. Sales 20 bbls city rectified at $2 35. Sales 12 bbls old Rye at $3 50@4 00.

HIGHWINES—Market active. Sales 100 bbls Chicago at $2 35 ₽ gallon.

BUTTER—Dull. Buyers are not disposed to purchase at the rates that were current during the past week. The market is evidently becoming weaker. We quote nominally at 31@35c, with an abundant supply.

EGGS—Continue to be wanted; hence prices were extravagantly steep. Sales 15 bbls in lots at 40@42c.

SALT—The market was steady, with a fair local demand. Sales 250 bbls from depot at $3 00.

CRANBERRIES—Prime qualities are steady, with a moderate demand, at $14@15.

Chicago Hog Market.

November 11.—A want of animation or buoyancy has characterized the provision trade for the past week. It has not, however, lacked interest in some of its features. The prices paid for hogs to farmers and speculators in former years have been generally regulated by packers and shippers, based upon the current worth of the product, and to an extent by the prospects. This season, however, augurs differently; raisers and holders of hogs are now, in their turn, trying to assume the power of being able to make good their views as to what the animal should be worth.

During the close of last week, the accumulation of hogs was considerable, owing to packers and shippers holding off, being afraid to risk the high prices asked. The condition of the hogs not being likely to improve lying in the pens, holders forced sales at reduced figures. This had an immediate effect on the receipts, trusting, no doubt, that the light supply would tempt operators to compete, which would run up prices. To some extent this succeeded, as during the early part of the week shippers took hold and prices did improve.

The receipts of hogs the last 24 hours are 2,280, and shipments 1,314. Prices are firm, and range from 10½ to 12c, medium to good. From the 1st of October the receipts to date totals 124,871, and shipments 88,351, leaving for packing purposes 36,512. Taking corresponding dates last year, the receipts were 222,311, and shipments 90,105, leaving in packers' hands 132,206, which shows a decrease of 97,490 in receipts, and 95,694 in packing. Mess pork is quiet at $31 75 to 32; new mess $33 50 to 34; prime mess nominal at $25. There is very little doing in green meats, hams being the only things that meet with ready sale. We quote them at 18c; shoulders 13¼ @13¾c; sides 16¼@16½c. Have not yet heard of any sales in bulk meats. Sugar pickled hams are firm at 19½@19¾c. 100 boxes of Cumberland middles, 20 days in salt, sold to-day at 16½c. Lard in fair demand, and generally held at 27c for steam kettle tried; ½ to ¾c higher is asked for kettle; we think purchases could be made less than these figures. Greases firm at 12, 15½@17½c, brown, yellow and white. Beef hams $33@33 50, and nominal. Mess beef $14@15; extra $18@19; this is nominal, as there is little doing to establish a market. Tallow firm at 15c. Whisky firm at $2 27. Freights—A general panic has, during the week, existed amongst our railroad men. Unfortunately for shippers its course ran upwards. By comparing the following with rates last quoted, the advance will be found: to New York, $1 30; to Baltimore and Philadelphia, $1 15; to Boston, $1 40—all rail; 5c less rail and water.

Boston Fruit Market.

November 11.—The market for new Malaga fruit is very firm with a good seasonable demand from the trade, and late importations have sold at improved rates. The cargo of the bark Daniel Webster, from Malaga, comprising about 11,500 boxes and 590 casks raisins, has been disposed of at private sale at $5 12½ for layers, $4 90 for bunch Muscatel, and $22 for casks; also, 274 frails Ivica soft shell almonds at 32c ₽ lb. less 5 per cent. In Smyrna figs sales 300 casks at 18@19c ₽ lb, gold. The cargo of the bark Fury, from Malaga, was mostly sold at auction on Monday, at $5 10 for layers, $4 87@4 90 for bunch Muscatel, $11 30@11 35 for hf. kegs sun raisins; 175 bxs lemons at $6@7, all less 2 per cent., cash.

Boston Copper Market.

November 11.—The market is very firm for manufactured Copper, and the article is getting rather scarce, at an enhanced cost of production. Sales of sheathing at 50c; yellow sheathing metal 34c ₽ lb, cash. Bolts and braziers' copper are selling at 50c; yellow metal bolts, 37c ₽ lb, cash. Ingot Copper is very firm, with an increased demand for export and manufacture, it is now held at 32@34c ₽ lb. Old Copper is selling at 30@31c ₽ lb, cash.—*Bulletin.*

New York Copper Market.

November 11.—New Sheathing is steady at 50c, and Yellow Metal 34c, net cash. Ingot remains firm, the unexpected further advance of £5 ₽ ton in London, having a tendency to strengthen the views of holders. The following sales were made chiefly before the receipt of these advices, say 200,000 lbs Portage Lake at 32½c; 20,000 lbs Detroit at 33c; and 50,000 lbs Baltimore at 32½c cash.